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# GANDHIJI RESOLVES TO 'FAST UNTO DEATH'

## 24-Hour Ultimatum To Bihar Hooligans

### *More Troops Rushed To Affected Areas: Sequel To Interim Govt. Members' Visit*

PATNA, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi had resolved to undertake a fast unto death if the communal riots did not stop in Bihar within 24 hours.

This announcement was made here by Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Food Member, Interim Government, who arrived in Patna this evening accompanied by the Congress President, Acharya Kripalani.

Dr. Prasad said that if the worst happened, Mahatma Gandhi might come down to Bihar and start the fast here.

#### KRIPALANI & RAJEN BABU AT PATNA

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Food Member of the Interim Government, and Acharya Kripalani, Congress President, arrived here this evening by air from Delhi.

Before landing at Bihta they had a reconnaisance of the disturbed areas in Patna District.

On arrival in Patna, they drove to the Secretariat where the Premier, Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, was holding a press conference. Later Dr. Prasad and Acharya Kripalani drove to Circuit House to meet Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

#### Nehru & Nishtar Back From Tour

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Members of the Interim Government, returned here this evening by air after visiting the riot affected areas in Bhagalpur and Monghyr.

They held a conference with Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Food Member, Government of India, Acharya J. B. Kripalani, Congress President, and Lt. General Bucher G.O.C. in Eastern Command about the situation in the province.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Acharya J. B. Kripalani are also expected to visit the riot affected areas of the province.

#### Defence Member's Talks With Bihar Premier

**Sardar Baldev Singh, Member Government of India, arrived here today and left by air for Delhi after holding a brief consultation about the situation in Bihar with Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Prime Minister of Bihar and Lt.-General Bucher G. O C. in Eastern Command.**

#### *TENSION ACUTE IN SOME DISTRICTS*

The Director of Publicity, Bihar, has issued the following on the communal situation in the Province:—

"While most parts of the Province remain quiet, tension continues to be acute in some districts. The situation in parts of Patna, Gaya and Monghyr Districts is causing serious anxiety. More troops arrived last night and were despatched immediately to the affected areas. As a result of the Defence Member's visit to Patna today, more troops will be available for operation in Bihar.

Patna town is quiet. Isolated cases of arson were observed in outlying villages south-west of Patna. Troops in co-operation with the Police opened fire on a rowdy mob, killing seven and injuring three.

Four deaths occurred as a result of stabbing in Bihar Shariff. Patrolling by troops and Police continues.

**POLICE OFFICER KILLED**

On November 3, a serious tragedy occurred in a village Telhara, P. S. Ekangarsarai, where 150 persons are reported to have been killed including one Assistant Inspector of Police Six Constables are reported missing. The report of 25 daeths comes from village Nina in the same area.

GAYA:—The town is all quiet, but tension is unabated in areas near Jehanabad. More troops have been despatched to the affected areas.

BHAGALPUR:—An isolated case of stabbing was reported from Bhagalpur. Seven dead bodies of persons murdered previously were recovered.

MONGHYR:—The situation in Tarapur and Kharagpur areas of Monghyr District is reported to be very serious. Cases of murder and arson are reported from villages Lakhanpur and the adjoining locality. The casualties are believed to be heavy. Details are awaited.

**JOINT DEFENCE PARTIES**

**No further incidents are reported from Sanbal Parganas. In the midst of gloom, a heartening report comes from Dinapore sub-division of Patna District. The Honble. Mr. Q Ansari, Minister for P. W. D. who toured extensively in Dinapur Sub-division yesterday found that a large number of villages had formed joint defence parties of Hindu and Muslim residents as a precaution against outside aggression.**

**In village Saral, when a large mob of hooligans attempted to raid the village, the Hindus did not allow their Muslim co-villagers to come to the fore and heroically fought and drove away the miscreants; mutual confidence was so marked all over this area that the Muslims refused an offer to be evacuated. At some meetings which the P W. D. Minister attended, the Hindus took a solemn pledge to protect their neighbours against all danger.**

**BIHAR PREMIER'S APPEAL TO PRESS**

PATNA, November 5. (A.P.I.): The Government of Bihar propose to promulgate an ordinance within a day or two to control the publication of news concerning the communal riots in the Province, stated Mr Sri Krishna Sinha, Prime Minister, Bihar at a Press conference here this evening. In the meantime he requested the Press not to publish anything about the communal situation which was not authorised by the Government.

Mr. Sinha said: "It is our duty now to strive to stop the riots as soon as possible so that the conflagration may not spread elsewhere in any part of the country."

The Press, he thought, could help him to a great extent in the matter and he requested the newspapers concerned not to make any comments or use headlines which might in any way hamper the restoration of peace and order.

Continuing Mr. Sinha said certain

(Continued on Page 5 Col. 2)

## *South Persia, Br. Colony!*

LONDON, November 5. (A.P.A.): The Moscow radio today quoted a dispatch by the Tass Agency that the Persian newspaper Rahbar alleged that the entire south of Persia is now virtually converted into a British Colony.

The broadcast, heard by the Soviet Monitor in London, added that the newspaper had declared that all progressive and national parties, as well as trade unions in Khuzistan had been driven underground.

## GANDHIJI TO VISIT BIHAR

CALCUTTA, November 5. (A.P.I.): According to the Ashramites here at Sodepur, Mahatmaji is very greatly concerned about the situation in Bihar and it is learnt that he was in constant touch with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Congress leaders at Patna throughout the day over the trunk telephone.

Gandhiji contemplated a visit to Bihar as early as possible and he would have proceeded to Bihar immediately, had he not finally settled his programme for Noakhali and Tipperah which also need his immediate presence.

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy had another meeting with Gandhiji this evening shortly after prayer and was at Sodepur Ashram for about 90 minutes. It is learnt also that Mr. Suhrawardy presesd Gandhiji to proceed to Bihar in view of the seriousness of the situation in the Province and to exert his influence on the masses to put an end to the disturbances.

**Gandhiji as at present arranged, will proceed to Noakhali tomorrow morning unless, however, there is a last-minute change necessitated by any further news from Bihar.**

## *"BETRAYED INTO REPRISALS"*

### *Kripalani Warns Bihar*

PATNA, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): An appeal to the people of Bihar "to desist from nefarious activities of killing their neighbours" has been made by Acharya J. B. Kripalani, President of the Indian National Congress, in a statement on the communal riots in Bihar.

Acharya Kripalani adds:

"In my statement on the situation in East Bengal made at a Press Conference at Calcutta on October 26, I had enjoined calmness and patience. I had warned my countrymen against reprisals which appear easy and tempting. These satisfy our lower passions of anger, revenge and hate, but in the long run they are dangerous.

"From what has happened in Bihar, it appears that my warning has fallen on deaf ears. I repeat in Bihar what I said in connection with East Bengal. I am not concerned about figures. For me as for every lover of humanity, it is bad enough that innocent men and women should lose their limb or life or be dishonoured in any way.

The news from Bihar has therefore shocked me as much as those from Bengal. As a Hindu and as an Indian I am ashamed that my co-religionists and countrymen should be betrayed into reprisals.

VICIOUS CIRCLE.

"Reprisals create a vicious circle and cannot stop the blood bath that is going on. They give a handle to our enemies here and abroad. I would, therefore, appeal to the people of Bihar to desist from nefarious activities of killing their neighbours. Minorities should be the major charge of the majority community, if for nothing else, because they are helpless.

## *AMNESTY IN PALESTINE*

### *Eight Jews And Twenty Arabs Released*

**JERUSALEM, November 5. (Reuter): Jewish Agency leaders who had been detained in the Latrun Camp, Palestine, since June 29, have been released, it was officially announced here tonight.**

The number of these leaders is eight.

The Commissioner, Sir Alan Cunningham, has, at the same time, granted amnesty to more than 20 Arab political prisoners including a number now held in Seycheile Islands.

As from tonight Jerusalem's curfew which was clamped down on October 19 is being lifted. The dusk-to-dawn road curfew which has been in operation is also being lifted so that Palestine will now be curfew free.

**ANNOUNCEMENT IN COMMONS**

LONDON: The Colonial Secretary, Mr Arthur Creech Jones, announced in the House of Commons today that the Government had decided to authorise the High Commissioner of Palestine to release the detained Jewish leaders.

Release had also been approved of certain Palestine Arabs who had been undergoing detention.

Mr. Jones said he hoped that the release would lead to an improvement in the security situation in Palestine and help restore conditions in which progress could be made towards a general settlement.

## *5 Dead And 36 Injured*

### *CURFEW HOURS IN CITY ENHANCED*

### *184 Arrested For Arson On Tuesday*

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

A total of five deaths and injuries to 36 persons was reported for the whole of Tuesday, apart from acid burns sustained by 14 persons, says the Director of Publicity in a Press Note issued at midnight.

One man was killed and nine others wounded by bullets as a result of the police opening fire on 27 occasions in scattered localities of the city to stop stoning, looting or arson. A total of 108 rounds was fired.

One hundred and eighty-four persons were arrested for stabbing, looting, acid throwing or arson.

Ten persons were arrested in the act of carrying away looted property in Maharbouri, Pydhonie and Round Temple areas.

Three religious places were desecrated in Maharbouri and Pydhonie.

Objectionable material was thrown behind residential places in the Agripada section.

The stabbing incidents were reported from Parel, Dongre, Sewri, Lower Parel, Phalton Road, Fort, By-

**CURFEW FROM 6-30**

**The Commissioner of Police, Bombay, has extended the Curfew Order for seven days from tomorrow, November 6.**

**The hours of Curfew have been changed by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay with effect from today, Tuesday. The hours are from 6-30 p.m. to 6 a.m., throughout the Curfew areas in Bombay.**

culla, Dadar, Reay Road, New Queen's Road Area, Lamington Road, Agripada, Tardeo and Worli. Four of these knife attacks took place in a queue outside a cinema on New Queen's Road. In this connection one arrest was made.

Six acid throwing incidents were reported from Maharbouri, Pydhonie, Lower Parel, Girgaum, Null Bazaar and Dongree.

Twenty-four shops, many of them petty ones, were looted in Kamatipura, Parel, Kalbadevi, Pydhonie, Lower Parel, Maharbouri, Girgaum, and Sandhurst Road. The timely arrival of the police foiled an attempt at breaking open a bank in Pydhonie quarter.

Of the 184 arrests for the whole of Tuesday, Maharbouri alone accounted for 124 and Dongree 34. The remainder were effected in New Queen's Road, Agripada, Parel, Dadar, Lamington Road, Girgaum, Sandhurst Road, Kalbadevi and Pydhonie.

Two members of the police force sustained acid burns. The military fired one round in Girgaum when at the same spot the police fired 17 rounds. The number of rounds fired by the police at one place was in the Dongre area where they fired 23 rounds on being heavily stoned.

A funeral procession in the Girgaum area was one of the parties to stone-throwing on Tuesday.

## CHATTERJEE BREAKS HIS FAST

### Mrs. Handoo's Successful Persuasion

LONDON, Nov. 5. (Renter): A 45-year-old Indian woman, Mrs. Jai Kishori Handoo persuaded Mr. K. K. Chatterjee, the Bengali Brahmin who had fasted in London for five days, to break his fast.

Krishna Kumar Chatterjee

Mr. Chatterjee had said he would "fast until death unless an assurance was given that immediately and unequivocally independence of India will be announced".

He took a glass of orange juice today and in a few days will be back on solid food.

The U. P. adds: Chatterjee, who was visibly weaker after five days of complete fasting remained non-committal and intimated ed took the grape juice to pacify Mrs. Handoo who is the local Indian Women's Congress leader.

## *Premier And Ministers Tour Affected Areas*

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, accompanied by Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, Mr. Wilson, Commissioner of Police and Mr. Wilkins, Deputy Commissioner of Police, drove round the City for nearly two and a

(Continued On Page 5 Col. 1)

## GANDHIJI WARNS BIHAR AGAINST RETALIATION

CALCUTTA, November 5. (A.P.I.): At the end of the prayer which was largely attended today, Mahatma Gandhi told the audience that today was his last day in Calcutta for the present. Preparations for his visit to Noakhali have been completed and, Gedwilling, he would be leaving tomorrow. He did not know what he would do in Noakhali but he was going there in the faith that the people of Noakhali wanted him.

Noakhali had been calling him and now a call came from Bihar also. He was just returned from Saheed Saheb's House where all the Ministers and prominent League leaders had assembled to meet him. They all wanted him to go to Bihar. On his return to the Ashram, he had learnt that there was a trunk call from Bihar asking him to come there. He was in God's hand and would do as he moved him. He was glad that Bakr-Id had passed off most peacefully in Calcutta. He had similar information from Bombay also. But Bombay and Calcutta did not constitute the whole of India. How the day had passed off in other places they would know tomorrow from the newspapers. But they should thank God for the peace in Calcutta and make a firm resolve that they were not going to fight amongst themselves.

The Hindus might say, "did not the Muslims start the trouble?" He wanted them to think of their own duty and say firmly that they would not fight in any case. He wanted to tell them that the Muslims who were with him to-day assured him that they wanted peace. They were all responsible men. They said clearly that Pakistan could not be achieved by fighting. If they continued quarrelling with each other independence would vanish in the air. That would firmly implant the third Power in India. Be it the British or any other.

They wanted independence. They were ready to sacrifice their all for the Congress, the organisation which had done so much for India. Were they going to undo all that the Congress had done for more than the last 60 years? He had told them that they could return blow for blow, if they were not brave enough to follow the path of non-violence. But there was a moral code for the use of violence also; otherwise, the very flames of violence would consume those who lighted them. He did not care if they were all destroyed, but he could not countenance the destruction of India's freedom.

Reports of happenings in Bihar were awful, if true. Pandit Jawaharlal had told the guilty party that the Central Government would never tolerate such barbarism. They would even use aerial bombing to put it down. But that was the way of the British. The Congress was an organisation of the people. Was the Congress to use the foreign method of destruction against the people whose representatives it was? By suppressing the riots with the aid of the military they would be suppressing India's freedom and yet what was Pandit ji to do if the Congress had lost control over the people. The better way of course was to give up the reigns of Government, if the people were not amenable to discipline and reason.

To retaliate against the relatives or co-religionists of the wrong doers was a cowardly act. If they indulged in such acts they should say good bye to independence.

## *STOP PRESS*

**MALAVIYA INDISPOSED**

BENARES, November 5. (A.P.I.): Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has been indisposed since yesterday.

MALAVIYA UNCONSCIOUS.

BENARES, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): At about 10-30 to-night Pandit Malaviya was unconscious for sometime when Col. J. E. Vaidya and Dr. Mangal Singh were called in. They found that he was breathing hard but told his relatives that there was no cause for anxiety.

When Pandit Malaviya regained consciousness he enquired, "What is the latest riot position. Has it been confirmed that Mahatmaji is resorting to fast."

## Sodepur Search For Peace In Bengal

### *CONFERENCE WITH PREMIER AND DEFENCE MEMBER*

### *Labour Minister Specially Deputed To Conduct Gandhiji's Tour*

**SODEPUR, November 5 (U.P.I.) The United Press of India understands that Mr. Shamsuddin Ahmed, Minister for Labour, Bengal Government, has been specially deputed by the Bengal Government to conduct Gandhiji's tour to East Bengal.**

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, the Bengal Premier, who had one hour forty-five minutes' talk with Gandhiji last night, while leaving Sodepur, was heard remarking to the waiting pressmen: "I would not have come here night after night if I did not want peace".

An high official of the Bengal Government who was present during the discussion between the Chief Minister and Gandhiji, told the United Press of India: "We all discussed how to establish peace soon. Gandhiji, the Chief Minister and the Defence Member discussed ways and means of achieving everlasting peace."

#### Gandhiji At Chief Minister's Residence

Mahatma Gandhi motored to the residence of Mr. H. S Suhrawardy, Chief Minister of Bengal, this afternoon, and was there for two hours.

In addition to Mr. Suhrawardy Gandhiji met there a number of prominent members of the Provincial Muslim League, including Al Haj Khawaja Nazimuddin, Messrs Mohammed Ali, Shamsuddin Ahmed, Moazzemuddin Hossain and Abdul Rahman, Ministers of the Bengal Government, Mr. Hamidul Huq Chowdhury, Mr. Abul Hashem, Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League, Dr. A. M. Malik, Mr. Fazlur Rahman, Mr. S. Osman, Mayor of Calcutta and Mr. K. Shahbuddin

Mahatma Gandhi, who was accompanied by Mr. Pyarelal, was at Mr. Suhrawardy's residence for two hours.

There was a discussion at the meeting between Mahatma Gandhi and the Muslim League leaders, as to how peace could be restored in Bengal. The question of formation of a Central Peace Committee for the Province was discussed.

#### Gift Of 'Quran' To Gandhiji

Mr. Suhrawardy presented Mahatma Gandhi with an English translation of "Al Quran".

Following his arrival at Mr. Suhrawardy's residence, Gandhiji spent quarter of an hour with Sir Zahid Suhrawardy, father of Mr H. S. Suhrawardy.

#### CALCUTTA QUIET

CALCUTTA, November 5. (A.P.I.): The Director of Publicity to the Government of Bengal has issued the following Press Note at 7 p. m.

Bakr-Id was celebrated in Calcutta with normal congregational prayers. The city was quiet throughout today except for one case of stabbing in the Kidderpore area.

In Howrah, however two persons received knife injuries and one person gunshot injuries; all the three cases proved fatal.

Two boys received acid burns. There was a case of arson reported late last night.

**SARAT BOSE CALLS ON GANDHIJI**

Mr Sarat Chandra Bose, accompanied by Mr. Satya Ranjan Bakshi called on Mahatma Gandhi this afternoon and later attended the prayer meeting.

**MAMDOT'S S O. S. TO VICEROY**

LAHORE, November 5. (A.P.I.): Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Muslim League, in a telegram to the Viceroy today has requested him to take immediate steps to stop lawlessness prevailing in Bihar.

#### Sec. 144 In Midnapur

MIDNAPORE, November 4. (A.P.I.): An order under Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. has been promulgated by the District Magistrate prohibiting the distribution of pamphlets or posters and the spreading of false rumours calculated to cause enmity between the different communities in the District.

## *Strong 'Quake Shock In India?*

**WASHINGTON, November 5. (A.P.A.): A strong earthquake shock, approximately 6,000 miles distant, "probably in India", has been recorded by Georgetown university's seismograph.**

### *'Quake Shock Recorded About 1,825 Miles From Bombay*

BOMBAY, Nov. 5 (API): An earthquake shock of great intensity at its origin about 1,825 miles away was recorded by the seismograph at the Colaba observatory at 03 hours 23 mts. (IST) on November 5. 1946.

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# Govt.'s New Plan To Meet Iron And Steel Shortage

## Fair Distribution To Be Ensured Through Separate Quotas For Railways, Industrial And Civilian Needs

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5 (API). With a view to ensuring a fair distribution of iron and steel of which there is a great shortage in the country, the Government of India have decided in consultation with the provinces, to introduce immediately a new scheme of allotment, says a press note. In this scheme, the allotment to the general public has been nearly doubled in comparison with what has been available to them since the end of the war.

According to the scheme, all the available iron and steel will be divided into two quotas, one for the railways and the other for industrial and civilian needs. The railway quota will be operated by the Railway Board and the other by the Iron and Steel Controller.

India's production of iron and steel for 1947 is estimated at 900,000 tons. Although capacity exists for 1,200,000 tons, failure of adequate supplies of metallurgical coal and the increasing labour troubles have lowered and are still hampering indigenous production as there is a world shortage of iron and steel, imports into India during 1947 may both be more than 150,000 tons. Allotments for 1947 would therefore be: railways—300,000 tons, iron and steel controller—750,000 tons

SPECIFIC ALLOTMENTS

The Iron and Steel Controller's quota will be for specific allotments during 1947 (1) 150,000 tons for industrial maintenance and packing purposes (2) 210,000 tons to steel processing industries, (3) 80,000 tons for the developments schemes of the Central Provincial and State Governments, (4) 50,000 tons to the developments of private industries, (5) 250,000 tons to the public including small-scale manufacturers of consumer goods in provinces and states, and (6) 10,000 tons for export, which will be reduced to an absolute minimum and allowed only on the orders of the Government.

The allotments to steel processing industries will be effected on the advice of the Director-General. Industries and Supplies, and with the co-operation of trade associations where they exist.

The distribution of steel for industrial maintenance and packing will also be done mostly through industrial associations by Government authorities concerned with such industries.

As regards Government development schemes, the departments will send a programme of demands relating to various categories of steel required for each period of 1947. If available steel will be allotted to cover all the programmes, otherwise the controller will submit the case to the Government for priority decisions.

AIDING PRIVATE INDUSTRY

In order to aid private industry in the establishment of new factories and production units, a separate allotment has been made. The distribution of this will be made by the Iron and Steel Controller on the advice of departments concerned. The Electrical Commissioner, Simla, the Textile Commissioner, Bombay, the Coal Commissioner, Calcutta, the Iron and Steel Controller, Calcutta, and development officers in the Directorate General Industries and Supplies, New Delhi, will be the sponsoring authorities in respect of electrical installations, textile mills, collieries, Iron and Steel production and other industries respectively. These authorities will arrange the demands in order of priority and send them with their recommendations. If the demands exceed the allotment the Iron and Steel Controller will obtain a priority decision and distribute the available steel accordingly.

Iron and Steel for the public will be allotted to individual provinces and states after taking into consideration the pre-war distribution of steel, area and population and other factors. Normally, the allotment will be made available through the registered stockholders. Members of the general public requiring steel will have to apply to the Provincial Officer concerned for a permit. On the authority of the provincial permits, steel may be obtained from the registered stockholder named in the permit.


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## Sir P. S. Sivaswami Aiyar Dead

MADRAS, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Sir P. S. Sivaswami Aiyar, a former President of the Indian Liberal Federation and a well-known public man of Madras, died at 7-30 to-night at his residence in Madras. He was aged 82 and was not keeping well for some months.

Distinguished for his knowledge of constitutional affairs, he was reputed at one time to be the most feared and incorruptible politician of Madras.

From 1912 to 1917 he was a member of the Madras Executive Council which coincided with Lord Pentland's policy of repression culminating in the internment of the late Mrs. Annie Besant.

Before laying down his office, he was appointed Vice-Chancellor of the Madras University. Later, in 1918, he became Vice-Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University for a one-year term. Both these universities conferred on him the degree of Doctor of Laws.

## Kolhapur Peasants Defy Ban

KOLHAPUR, Nov. 4. (API): About 2000 sugar cane cultivators in the Kolhapur State today proceeded in a morcha defying the order of the Inspector-General of Police banning processions. They had intended to lead the morcha to the Resident at Kolhapur for Deccan States to place their demands for decontrolling the prices of gur. The morcha was stopped near the town hall by city police and the leaders were told that the Resident had gone to Delhi and that they could place their demands before the Educational Minister of State, Rao Saheb Deshamuk.

Mr. Deshamukh told the morcha that the gur problem will be discussed in the meeting at Delhi on November 8 and requested them to await the decision. He also told them if possible, a deputation of the cultivators should be sent to Delhi to place their grievances before the meeting.

The morcha then dispersed peacefully.

## CO-OPERATION DAY IN VIRAMGAM

### Tribute To Work Of Mr. V.L. Mehta

(From Our Correspondent)

VIRAMGAM, (By Mail.)

The Co-operation Day was celebrated here under the auspices of the local branch of The Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd. under the presidency of Mr. N. J. Shukla, Chairman of The Branch Committee. Mr. S. H. Vohra, Agent of the local branch, explained how the idea of Co-operation from an humble beginning had come to be so widely universalised. Other speakers who spoke at length emphasised the importance of co-operation in the present abnormal circumstances.

Mr. Shukla paid a full-hearted tribute to co-operative organisations for their remarkable contribution in alleviating the economic stress and strain of war, and he expressed the hope that sound post-war planning would ensure still brighter success to the efforts of co-operative institutions.

A resolution offering felicitations to Mr. V. L. Mehta on his appointment as Minister for Finance and Co-operation was passed. Eulogising the services of Mr. Mehta, the Chairman paid a warm tribute to the achievements of Mr. Mehta in the field of co-operation and the remarkable results of his singular devotion to co-operative field.

## COTTAGE INDUSTRIES

### Co-operative Basis Urged By Bombay Minister

POONA, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Speaking at the Industrial Co-operatives and Village Industries Conference held here, the Finance Minister, Mr. V. L. Mehta, said that the Bombay Government had pledged themselves to give full support to the programme of revival and development of village industries. With this end in view, Government had taken such measures as the appointment of a Village Industries Committee and the establishment of a Provincial Industrial Co-operative Association. Mr. Mehta suggested that cottage industries should be organised on a planned co-operative basis and their development so fostered as to enable them "to take their proper place in the economic development of the country." Apart from providing employment to agriculturists in spare time, cottage industries would eliminate" the necessity of importing expensive machinery from abroad and reducing the evils of large-scale industrialisation."

## French Assets In Viet-Nam To Be Restored To Owners

PARIS, Nov. 4, (Reuter): Vu Dinh Hoa, Minister for Justice in the recently dissolved Viet Nam Government stated today that French assets under Viet Nam control would be restored to their owners, according to a semi-official French News Agency dispatch from Hanoi. French assets considered indispensable to Viet Nam's economic development French assets which were seized by the Japanese and later passed to Viet Nam control as well as Viet Nam assets obtained illegally or at unfair price by the French would be submitted to a joint Franco-Viet Nam investigation committee for decision on final disposition, he added.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4, (Reuter): President Truman and Mr. Manuel Roxas, President of the Philippines, have agreed to establish a commission to the study the financial and budgetary problems and also needs of the Philippine Government. The State Department here announcing this adds that the commission consisting of three Americans and three Filipinos will work primarily in Manila.

# India To Oppose Incorporation Of S.W. Africa In Union

## Suggests United Nations Administration Over Trust Territories

NEW YORK, Nov. 5 (APA).—The Prime Minister of South Africa, Field Marshal Jan Smuts, appealed to the United Nations Trusteeship Committee last night to incorporate Southwest Africa in the Union.

He said the integration "would be mainly formal recognition of a unity which already exists", and added that 208,850 non-Europeans favoured joining the Union, 33,520 were against it, while 56,790 could not be consulted.

An unofficial poll indicated that India, Russia, Cuba, Mexico and Panama would oppose the move in the general debate starting today.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5 (Reuter).—A suggestion that the United Nations should "as a rule" administer trust territories, has been tabled by the Indian delegation to the United Nations General Assembly as a new motion to be placed before the Trusteeship Committee.

It is considered probable here that the Indian delegate, Sir Maharaj Singh—former Agent-General of India in South Africa—will introduce the motion as the first speaker, at today's committee meeting.

The new recommendation was put forward as an amendment to article 81 of the Charter which says: "A trusteeship agreement shall in each case include the terms under which the trust territory will be administered and designate the authority which will exercise administration of the trust territory. Such authority, hereinafter called administration authority, may be one or more states or the organisation itself."

During last night's meeting, the Prime Minister of the South African Union, General Jan Smuts, laying before the Committee his case for incorporation into the Union of South-West Africa expressed his confidence that South-West Africa—a South African Mandate since World War I—would be integrated with the Union.

Such integration, he said, would be mainly formal recognition of a unity which already existed.

General Smut's statement is expected to be warmly debated and to draw strong opposition from the Soviet Union and India. He declared that under the Trusteeship system embodied in the United Nations Charter, no particular mode was prescribed whereby a territory's advance in political status could be achieved. They might achieve self-governing institutions in one degree or another whereby they would receive an ever-increasing say in their own affairs, he said.

"This has been the case in South-West Africa where a local Legislative Assembly and an Administrative Council have been established."

"Under the Charter the door to advance is left wide open and the road to be followed left largely to the wishes of the inhabitants themselves whether by self-government by themselves or by self-government as part of another self-governing state. This is exactly the situation which has arisen in South-West Africa where the inhabitants have declared their wishes to become free by integration into the free system of their former mandatory state to which they feel they belong and in whose self-government and sovereignty they wish to share," Gen. Smuts added.

Speaking after General Smuts, the British Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Colonies, Mr. Iver Thomas, disposed of a "persistent legend" by saying that the colonies were not a source of tribute to the United Kingdom and said that Britain proposed to spend on them during the next ten years £120,000,000 out of the British Tax-payers' money.

Mr. Thomas declared that Britain was "astonished" by the speech made by the Soviet Foreign Minister, M Molotov, last week on the trusteeship agreements in Tanganyika and the Cameroons. "The British delegation was astonished to learn from M. Molotov's speech that he was so ill-informed on this subject." He quoted M. Molotov as saying that after nearly two years not a single step had been taken by the Mandatory Powers (towards setting up trusteeship councils). So far as Britain was concerned, Mr. Thomas said, every step had been taken.

"We were the first to publish any draft terms of trusteeship. We have kept the text of our trusteeship agreements open until the last possible moment to meet any suggestions made to us by other Governments or delegations.

"No comments whatever have been addressed to us by the Soviet Government on our texts which have lain unacknowledged in a pigeon-hole in Moscow for almost ten months," Mr. Thomas declared.

## INDIA'S SPIRITED REPLY TODAY

NEW YORK, Nov. 5. (Reuter): India is expected to give a spirited reply to South Africa today when the Trusteeship Committee of the United Nations resumes discussion on South Africa's request for annexation of South-West Africa.

The first speaker when the committee meets this afternoon (8 p.m. G.M.T 11-30 a.m I.S.T. 6/11) will be Sir Maharaj Singh and it is thought he may also speak on the new motion the Indian delegation has announced it will put before the committee. This suggests that "as a rule", the United Nations itself should administer the trust territories.

Yesterday Gen. Jan Smuts, South Africa's Prime Minister, made a long statement to the committee in which he claimed that the European and coloured populations of the South-West Africa both desired incorporation into the Union. Asking the United Nations' views on South Africa's request, General Smuts said, "As long as the ultimate goal of full liberty and self-Government is reached the Charter puts no limitations or conditions whereby they reach it".

## SPAIN DELETED FROM AGENDA

### Way Clear For Further U.N.O. Action Against Franco

LAKE SUCCESS (New York), Nov. 5. (Reuter): The Polish delegate to the United Nations Security Council, Dr. Oscar Lange, proposing to the Security Council last night that the Spanish question should be deleted from the agenda, said that the number of records on the subject had been accumulated and suggested that all such documents to be placed at the disposal of the General Assembly.

If the Council decided to delete the Spanish question, Dr. Lange said, it would not affect in any way Security Council rights and privileges. "Whenever any member of the Council wants to raise the matter, he will always be free to do so," Dr. Lange said.

Brazil and Australia declared that they would vote in favour of the Polish resolution.

Russia, France, the United States, Mexico and Britain also supported it.

The Council finally unanimously agreed to delete the Spanish question from its agenda.

Until this had been done the General Assembly had been unable to take any action on the resolutions to break off diplomatic relations with Spain.

## WORLD CHARTER FOR WOMEN

### Danish Resolution Before U.N.O.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5. (A.P.A.): The issue of women's rights has been placed before the General Assembly of the United Nations, in a Danish resolution which the Assembly's General Committee recommended for addition to the Assembly's agenda.

Women delegates told, in interviews, that the issue, no longer so acute in countries like the United States and the United Kingdom, is very much alive in other parts of the world.

Here are some of the things they complained about:

(1) In certain Arab countries a wife cannot deposit money in a bank without her husband's consent.

(2) In India women find it difficult to gain admission to schools, particularly in the higher grades.

(3) In many countries throughout the worlds women cannot vote or hold office.

(4) In some Latin-American countries women have little, if any, standing as litigants in court, nor can women practise law.

(5) In most countries women do not receive the same pay as men for similar work.

The Danish resolution concerned only one phase of women's rights—political. It contained two main proposals: (1) That the Assembly recommend that all members, not already having done so, grant the same political rights to women as to men. (2) That the Security Council and the General Assembly, in studying new applications for membership, "give consideration to the political rights of women in the applicant states."

## PT. SHUKLA ON JINNAH'S STATEMENT

NAGPUR, Nov. 4 (A.P.I.): Mr. Jinnah's statement that Muslims in the Muslim minority provinces were being harassed was characterised as an entirely unfounded allegation so far as the Central Provinces and Berar was concerned by the Premier Mr. Revi Shankar Shukla today.

Mr. Shukla said in a statement today:—

My attention has been drawn to a statement said to have been issued by Mr. M. A. Jinnah alleging that reports have been received by him of grave and serious killing and destruction to property in the Muslim minority provinces including Central Provinces and Berar. As the public is aware this allegation is entirely unfounded so far as this Province is concerned. Had there been such occurrences it would have been surprising indeed for the vigilant press, both provincial and extra-provincial, to have been unaware of them. The publication of such obviously malicious reports without any attempt at verification exhibits a degree of callous irresponsibility which would be surprising in any normal person, let alone one who claims to be the leader of all the Muslims of India; but the public who are aware of Mr. Jinnah's characteristic methods of propaganda and agitation will not be surprised though they may be pained.

The people of this Province, irrespective of caste or community, have every reason to be proud of their record of communal harmony and amity. I am confident that they will not be misled by such provocative and irresponsible utterances.

It is unnecessary for me to reiterate the intention of my colleagues and myself to maintain public peace and tranquillity by every means in our power. Our achievement in this regard, during the short term we have been in office, is sufficient assurance to the people of our determination and of our ability to do so."

## Bill To Prohibit Music Before Mosques

MADRAS, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Mr. Mohamed Ismail, leader of the Muslim League Party in the Madras Assembly, announced at a party meeting last evening that he was preparing bills to be introduced in the Assembly, seeking to prohibit music before mosques and to introduce separate electorates in elections to local bodies in the province.


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# CITY AND SUBURBS

## To-day

Hindu: Kartik Shud 12, 2003
Muslim: Zilhej 11, 1365
Parsi: Khordad 4, 1316
Sunrise: 6-41 a.m. Sunset 6-4 p.m.
Hightide: 09.24, 22-05
Lowtide: 03-03, 15-46

## To-day's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Meeting of Standing Committee at 2-30 p.m. (B.T.) to-day.

ALL-INDIA WOMEN'S CONFERENCE: Show of "Deewar" in aid of the All-India Women's Conference Fund, fixed for the November 0 will be held to-day 9-30 a.m. at the Royal Opera House, due to unavoidable circumstances.

Y. M. C. A.: Today at 6-15 p.m. at Woodehouse Road. Panel: Prof. J. C. Daruvala (Q.M.), Dr. S. G. Panandikar, Dr. H. J. Taylor, Mr. H. J. Mulleneux, Mr. H. V. Hampton.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: Today at 5-30 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall Waudby Road, on "Foundations of Zarathushtrian Religion."

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "What Survives Death?" is the subject of a short talk to be followed by questions and answers at 5 p.m. to-day at J. Wadia Building, (opp. Flora Fountain.)

JAYABHARAT INSURANCE CO., LTD.: Half-a-day fixture on Saturday last between the Jayabharat Insurance Sports Club and the New Cord Cricket Club ended in a draw; the former scored 85 runs for 4 wickets and declared and the latter replied with 57 for 6. Best performance by: V. C. Desai 34, Periera 16 (not out), Kulkarni 18, Remedios 18, Parker 3 for 12, Periera 3 for 28 and Ghatkal 2 for 40.

HARI KIRTAN: At Maruti Mandir in Wagle and Sons compound opp. Congress House at 6 p.m. today.

## Mrudulaben On Godavari Election Dispute

MADRAS, Nov. 4 (API): Shreemati Mrudula Sarabhai, General Secretary of the A.I.C.C. after investigation into the election dispute of West Godavari District Congress Executive Committee, held that it was not necessary to challenge the procedure adopted by the Provincial Committee and that the newly elected District Congress Executive should be considered as valid.

Shrimati Mrudula Sarabhai also approved of the decision of Mr. N. G. Ranga, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, to appoint an 'ad hoc' Committee to select candidates and conduct elections of the District Local Board. The decisions have been conveyed in a letter to Mr. Ranga by the General Secretary.

## TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
WEDNESDAY, Nov. 6.

244 m (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Song of Week (by D'Amel) 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 Krishnarao Kolhapurey (Been) 8.45 Venubai Dewasthali 9.0 Gajananrao Joshi 12.0 p.m. Baton Baton Men (H) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Halke Phulke Gane 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 C L Wakankar 4.35 D G Marathe 4.55 Krishnarao Kolhapurey (Been) 5.15 Vijaya Desai (Vocal) 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Gujarati Gayano 6.30 Amritlal Kapadia 6.45 Venubai Dewasthali 7.0 Krishnarao Kohalapurey (Been) 7.15 Kusum (Marathi serial by Dr. G. Y. Chitale) 7.30 D G Marathe 7.50 C L Wakankar 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 New Marathi books) Review in Marathi by V V Kanetkar) 8.45 Reading of Gujarati verse (by Ganibhai Taylor) 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 "Thinking Aloud" (Dramatic radio playlet: By Emlyn Williams) 10.0 Vijaya Desai (Khayal Saward-Kalyan and Marathi Pad) 10.30 Gajananrao Joshi.

## CASES AGAINST INDIAN LABOURERS' WITHDRAWN

COLOMBO Nov. 4. (API): All the cases pending against the Indian labourers in connection with the Knavesmire Estate dispute had been withdrawn following the settlement of the dispute through the intervention of Mr. M. S. Aney, Government of India representative in Ceylon. All the labourers have evacuated the estate.


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# RACING IN MADRAS TO BE DISCOURAGED

## Betting And Enclosure Fees May Be Doubled

MADRAS Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Horse-racing in Madras this season will be allowed to come off as usual a Government spokesman told the "Associated Press of India" to-day. He added that the total abolition of racing in the province was under consideration of the Government, but a decision could not be expected to be taken before next year by which time other provincial governments would have been consulted and a uniform policy evolved.

In the meanwhile, it was Government's intention, he said, to wean the poorer sections of people away from horse-racing. To this end it was decided to put up the betting tax from the hitherto six and one fourth per cent level to 15 per cent.

The stewards of the Madras Turf Club had also been asked to raise the entrance fee to the second enclosure (which attracts the poor to a degree) from rupee one to rupees two and annas eight and the unit of betting in that enclosure from rupees two and annas eight to rupees five.

This "double increase", he said, was bound to have a salutary effect.

Asked of the Government would be closing down the race course at Guindy next year, he replied, "These reports are to be taken with reserve. Government are shortly to issue an official communique on the subject setting forth their viewpoint".

## NEW HINDUSTANI CLASSES

The next term for the Hindustani Examinations conducted by the Hindustani Prachar Sabha, Bombay has already started. Classes are held at the following centres on days mentioned below:—

1. Ruia College, Matunga G.I.P.—Sunday 8-30 to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) 2. Kabibai High School, Fort, Sunday 8 to 11 a.m. (S.T.) 3. Municipal Gujarati Boys' School, V. J. Patel Road, Girgaon, Sunday 8 to 11 a.m. (S.T.) 4. Aryan Education Society High School, Opera House, Girgaon, Sunday 8 to 11 a.m. (S.T.) 5. G. T. High School, Dadyseth Agiary Lane, Kalbadevi, Sunday 8-30 to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) 6. Madhavsee Amarsee High School, Andheri, Starting on Sunday 17th November. 8-30 to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) 7. Laxminagar Hall, Khar. Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 8 to 9-15 p.m. 8. Rane's House, 12th Road, Khar, Wednesday 3 to 4 p.m. (S.T.) 9. Hind Mahila Samaj, Opera House, Tuesday and Saturday 1 to 3 p.m. 10. National Library, Bandra. Saturday, 4 to 5 p.m. (S.T.) 11. Poddar High School, Santa Cruz, Sunday 9 to 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) 12. Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya, Gowalia Tank, Wednesday 8 to 9 a.m. (S.T.) Sunday 2 to 4 p.m. (S.T.) 13. Kandivli Boys and Girls' High School, Ghodbunder Road, Kandivli, Sunday 9 to 11 a.m. (S.T.) 14. Dhanji Devshi Rashtriya Kanyashala, Ghatkopar, Thursday 7-30 a.m. to 8-30 a.m. and Sunday 8-30 to 10-30 a.m. 15. Sabha Classes, Adenwalla Mansions, Chowpatty Sea Face, Tuesday 5-30 to 6-30 (S.T.) and Saturday 2 to 3 p.m. (S.T.) 16. C Ward Congress Committee Classes, Gulabbai Kanyashala, Kalbadevi, Sunday 2-30 to 4 p.m. 17. G.E.I. English High School, Kurla, Sunday 8 to 9-30 a.m. (S.T.)

## HINDUSTANI EXAM. RESULTS

The following candidates have successfully passed in the different grades the First, Second and Third Examinations held by the Hindustani Prachar Sabha, Bombay in October 1946:—

THIRD EXAMINATION

FIRST CLASS: 2 7 9 10 15 16.
SECOND CLASS: 3 6 11.
PASS: 1 12 13 14 17 19.

SECOND EXAMINATION

DISTINCTION: 38.
FIRST CLASS: 3 6 24 47 51 77 100 102 104 107 110 112 115.
SECOND CLASS: 1 2 4 10 16 17 19 23 26 28 29 30 37 40 45 52 56 57 60 79 80 101 106 108 109 114.
PASS: 5 9 11 12 15 32 33 46 55 58 61 62 63 68 71 72 76 81 89 90 91 93 93A 94 95 98 98A 98B 99 103 117 118 119.

FIRST EXAMINATION

DISTINCTION: 9 14 18 19 23 78 94 115 116 118 127 144 192 193 206 208 209 211 213 214 223 225 231 232 245 251 256 265 285 294 297 301 302 304 312 324 320 341 348 356 373 379 380 389 415 445 476 484 499 500 504 539 541 547 549 561 561A.
FIRST CLASS: 7 15 39 62 82 90 109 133 151 154 161 173 187 191 240 244 247 252 260 263 269 271 272 283 292 293 296 298 303 305 308 309 310 315 316 320 325 328 330 334 337 342 345 346 350 351 381 394 399 413 414 416 433 434 435 438 439 448 457 459 463 468 473 480 485 498 501 502 528 537 542 543.
SECOND CLASS: 4 12 17 42 81 88 96 98 102 103 112 128 139 141 152 156 170 176 196 199 215 234 242 253 266 270 284 307 311 317 319 333 335 336 347 354 357 358 366 382 386 387 396 407 421 440 466 469 479 480 487 496 530 534 535 536 538 544.
PASS: 6 21 22 54 68 80 87 126 132 146 149 153 162 163 177 178 184 201 203 228 229 230 237 246 256 257 261 262 286 287 291 295 338 360 361 362 376 384 385 401 402 405 410 411 419 423 424 427 428 429 430 441 451 472 486 505 507 508 509 510 524 526 527 532A 545 546 548 550 561.


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# INDORE FORGES AHEAD

It is gratifying to note that the Holkar State has not only carefully 'planned' but has also begun to successfully execute its plans. Among its several post war schemes, high priority has been given to Agricultural Research. It may not be known to many that in Indore is located one of the foremost Agricultural Research Institutes of India, popularly known as the 'Plant Institute'. For some time past there has been a feeling and perhaps rightly that the Institute is not doing all that it could to promote agricultural research in India in general and Central India in particular. This was largely due to the slender finances at its disposal. The Indian Central Cotton Committee has now been persuaded to increase its annual contribution to one lakh of rupees from June 1st, 1946; in addition to this, the Holkar State has promised to make a substantial contribution so much so the additional annual funds at the disposal of the Institute would be to the

H. H HOLKAR OF INDORE

tune of two lakhs and with the help of this large amount it is expected that the Plant Institute would become a really first class Research Centre for Cotton. In fact, it is hoped that Indore will be for cotton what Coimbatore has been for sugar cane. Those who know about the importance of cotton in Central India and more particularly in the Holkar State can realise the value of this Research Institute to the agriculturists; improved cotton would mean not only more money to the cultivator but better cloth to the consumer and more profits to the Holkar State Industrialists. Another important step in the expansion of the Plant Institute lies in regard to the addition of a first rate Agricultural School. Steps have been already taken to open a Diploma Course in the Plant Institute from July 1946. Towards this end certain buildings at present used by the Military are to be transferred to the Plant Institute. This has been rendered possible, thanks to the enthusiasm and the help of the Resident. Another plan of far reaching importance is the putting of the City of Indore on Broad Gauge line. The proposal is now ready and is in fact in an advance stage of development. It is understood the Survey has been sanctioned. The idea is to open a broad gauge line connecting Indore to Duskheda near Bhusaval via Mhow, Manpur, Maheshwar and Khargone on the one side, and Indore to Tarana via Dewas on the other. Needless to say that this scheme would provide the much needed broad guage connection to Indore on both sides, one at Duskheda near Bhusaval on the G.I.P. Railway and the other at Tarana Road on the B.B.&C.I. Railway. The proposed alignment of this scheme passes through the biggest and in some respects very rich Districts of the Holkar State. If this plan succeeds, then Indore, which is already a very important industrial centre in Central India, is sure to become one of the major industrial centres of India.

Considerable progress has also been made in the scheme for the establishment of a first rate Medical College in Indore. There is already a medical School, the staff of which has some eminent medical men. The school is supported not only by the Holkar State but also by a number of other States in Central India. The scheme for Medical College is also to receive the same support not only from Indore but also from neighbouring states. In addition to this, the State is also planning to have a fully equipped Hospital to give adequate practical training to the students of Medical College. The State has already funded Rs. 30 lakhs. The total scheme is estimated to cost Rs. 60 lakhs.

CAPT. DHANDA.

All plans for the development of the Holkar State are being directed by the personal initiative of His Highness. Capt. Dhanda, the Minister for Commerce, is in no small measure responsible for the present growth in industrial enterprise in this progressive State.

# Id-Prayers Pass Off Peacefully

## All City Mills And Factories Observe Holiday

BOMBAY, Tuesday.—Bakr-Id congregational prayers were held this morning on the Azad Maidan, under the auspices of the Anjumane-Tabligh-ul-Islam, Bombay. On account of the rain, the gathering was small, compared with previous occasions. Maulana Nazir Ahmed Khujandi led the prayers.

After the usual prayers and Khutba (Sermon), a special prayer was offered for the safety and prosperity of the Muslims in all countries.

The prayers started after the flag hoisting ceremony at 8-15 a.m. which was performed by Mr. Hassan Sheikh, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League.

The consul for Afghanistan was among those who took part in the prayers.

Prayers were also held at Chotta Kabrasthan Maidan and mosques in all parts of the city.

Bakri-Id was observed with a complete holiday, to-day. Sixty-two mills remained closed, so also all factories and workshops.

PRAYERS AT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA. Nov. 5 (API) —A large Muslim Congregation assembled at Esplanade Maidan this morning for Bakr-Id prayers. Among those who participated in the prayers were Mr. H. Suhrawardy, Chief Minister of Bengal and other Ministers.

Troops and police were stationed at strategic places. Muslim National Guards were also present. The order under Sec. 144 Cr.P.C. prohibiting assembly of five or more has been suspended today from 7 a.m to 3 p.m. to enable persons to participate in the prayers. The carrying of lathis and other weapons is, however, forbidden.

Prayers were also offered at a number of other centres including the Nakhoda Mosque where the Grand Imam led the prayers.

"HELP GOVT. IN ENDING RIOTS"

BOMBAY, November 5. (A.P.I.): Mr M. I. Rowjee, Mayor of Bombay, in his 'Id' day message to the citizens of Bombay appeals to them to exercise restraint and help the Government in ending the riots by exposing all those who commit such crimes.

On the occasion of "Id", the Muslim Social Workers Group, an organisation devoted to the social uplift of Muslims, distributed pamphlets containing the appeal of Mr. M. A. Jinnah, to the Muslims all over India, and to members of the Muslim League and Hindus to respect the individual and put an end to the present disturbances.

PATNA, November 5. (A.P.I.): The Bakr-Id prayers passed off peacefully and no incident was reported from any part of the town. The attendances at the prayer in the Bankipore Maidan was very poor.

LAHORE, November 5. (A.P.I.): Bakr-Id was peacefully celebrated in Lahore today. Congregational prayers were offered by Muslims in principal mosques in the city. The biggest congregation numbering about 100,000 attended at the Badshahi mosque where the President of the Punjab Muslim League Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot and the Mayor of Lahore Mian Amiruddin were present.

Police pickets were stationed at strategic points in the city.

PEACEFUL 'ID' AT POONA

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, November 5.

Bakr-Id procession and prayers passed off quietly this morning. Attempts to desecrate two places of worship were noted early this morning. Seven persons alleged to be carrying knives were arrested and strong Police bandobast continues to be maintained.

## PROHIBITION NOT AN END IN ITSELF

MADRAS, November 4, (API): An appeal to the public for all-out co-operation with the authorities for the successful enforcement of prohibition in the 3 districts in which it has been introduced in the province was made by Mr. A. P. W. Dixon, Commissioner of Prohibition, addressing a public meeting at Christ Church Parish Hall this evening.

While prohibition successfully enforced, Mr. Dixon said, would bring many benefits to the houses of thousands of poor people a failure would have disastrous consequences. He, therefore urged the general public to act as the eyes and ears of the enforcement staff "and through propaganda and in other ways create such public feeling in towns and villages that ex-drinkers and drug-takers would not return to their former habits on account of fear of disgrace and social ostracism."

"Prohibition," he said "is not an end in itself but a means to an end. The object of introducing prohibition is to raise the economic, social and moral level of the masses. It is necessary therefore, not only to attempt to enforce prohibition effectively but also to ensure that public, in particular, the poorer section benefit to the full from the measure."

## Sir M. Dadabhoy To Resign From Council Of State

NEW DELHI Nov 5 (API): The Associated Press of India' understands that Sir Maneckji Dadabhoy will resign the presidentship of the Council of State after the conclusion of the present session.

The question of his successor is under the consideration of His Excellency the Governor-General.

## Lucknow 'Varsity Appeal To Govt.

LUCKNOW, Nov. 5. (U.P.I.): Members of the teaching staff of the University of Lucknow, at a meeting held yesterday under the Presidentship of Prof. N. K. Siddhanta, Dean of the Faculty of Arts, passed a resolution requesting the U. P. Government to withdraw the Press note in which the Government threatened to stop the grant to the University and ordered the closure of the University as a result of the University authorities' failure to maintain discipline.

The resolution further stated: "We consider that the decision taken is hasty and ill-considered. We may mention that such a press note was never before addressed by Government to any University in India."

The resolution added: "Should Government co-operation be not forthcoming, even the best efforts of the University authorities are not likely to succeed in maintaining discipline."

## Persian Cereals For India

TEHERAN, Nov. 4, (Reuter): The Persian Government has issued export licences for 60,000 tons of cereals to be sent to India, Teherani newspapers reported today.


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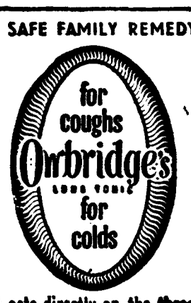


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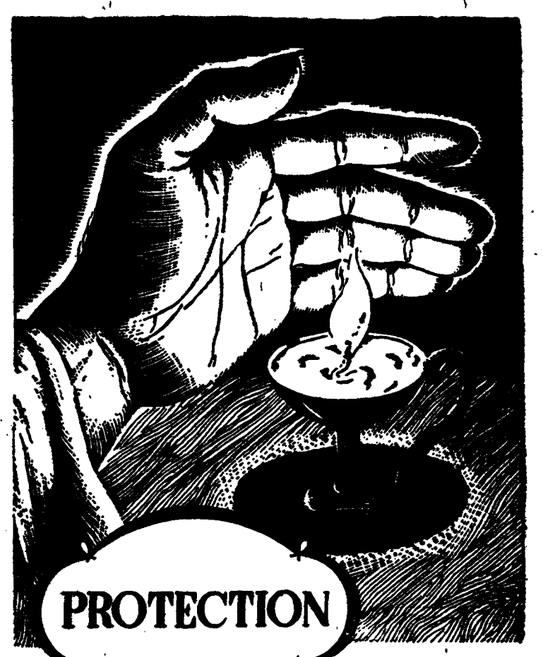


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**A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY**

*"I have practised all religions Hinduism, Islam, Christianity and I have also followed the paths of the different Hindu sects. I have found that it is the same God towards Whom all are directing their steps, though along different paths. Let each man follow his own path.*

—Sri Ramakrishna.

The Bombay Chronicle

## DISTRICT CONFERENCES

The district conferences of local leaders, reconstruction workers and the officials concerned, as planned by Mr. L. M. Patil, Bombay Minister for Reconstruction, have begun and conferences have been already held at Ahmednagar and Poona. If the time table of the other conferences is fixed even tentatively it may well be published at once so as to facilitate preparatory work. The proceedings of the conferences already held show that Government has decided upon certain items of its Reconstruction programme, though several important details have to be settled in consultation with local workers. If provincial plans are prepared for the different districts they too may be published some time before the conferences are held. The main point is that the people of every district should have ample time to formulate and press on Government its special needs and grievances, the very purpose for which the district conferences are planned. It is also right that officials should take the initiative in preparing provincial district plans as they have better access to the facts and figures required for the purpose and have experienced staff to collate them promptly. Thus, the conference in every district may with advantage be preceded by a brief general survey of the district, prepared by the local officials.

At every conference the topic for the most serious discussion will naturally be, and should be, the production of more food. We are afraid that during the last few months the officials and the public in many districts failed to give enough attention to the urgent task of growing whatever food could be grown, even if it was to be only vegetables. The common excuse was that it was too late to make any appreciable increase in food in a few weeks or months to relieve the prevailing scarcity. However, the Government and the public have enough time to plan out their work to improve the food situation for the next year. They have also the assurance given by the Food Member of the Interim Cabinet that 25 per cent of the cost of food production will be borne by the Central Government. The public should also note that another 25 per cent will be borne by the Provincial Government. The plan only emphasises the supreme importance of increasing food production. At every one of the district conferences in question the Government must bring home to the people the need for making the district as far as possible self-sufficient in respect of food. And to this end Government should prepare a special food survey for every district and, in consultation with experts suggest to the agriculturists the best methods of stepping up production.

We have no doubt the Bombay Government will give the people every reasonable facility in the production of more food and more wealth in general. Replying to various suggestions made at the Poona District conference, Mr. W. K. Mascarenhas, Joint Secretary to the Government in the Reconstruction Department, said that in spite of its higher cost, well irrigation was the ideal form of irrigation and it was hoped that in the course of the next five years and with assistance and advice of experts Government would be able to construct 50,000 wells. It is an excellent programme and one wishes it could be expedited and finished in two years rather than five. Mr. Mascarenhas also revealed that Government intended to establish dairies on co-operative lines in various parts of the province. Assuming that the dairies will be sufficiently large in number, we feel there cannot be a more beneficient or more urgent item of reconstruction. In a country like India where millions live mostly on cereals an average person needs at least fifteen ounces of milk to maintain good health, while growing boys and girls and expectant mothers need five to ten ounces more. But the average consumption of milk in the country was, even before the war, only about six ounces per head. We fear it is even less today. As it is a question vitally affecting the nation's health—milk is rightly called a protective food—it is absolutely necessary for the country to make every possible effort to ensure more production of milk. So far as the district conferences in question are concerned, the least that every district should do in the matter is to prepare a separate survey of its cattle wealth and devise ways and means of augmenting it and also of improving its breed both for the purpose of agriculture and increasing the production of milk.

These conferences, the first of their kind in the province, will not immediately solve all their problems. But it will be a great thing if a right plan is prepared and all concerned get ready to spare no effort to make the plan a complete success. Mr. Patil rightly remarked at the Poona conference that to ensure such success both the officials and the public should change their old ways that the former should adjust themselves to the requirements of self-Government and that the latter should learn and adopt the best modern methods of economic development the world can offer us. The district conferences, rightly conducted, will themselves be an excellent opportunity for the officials and the public to realise the need for these changes.

## Frankly Speaking

### An Imperialist Excuse

Reuter reports from Batavia that according to Dutch sources, the "cease-fire" order was at last officially given on Monday. The truce, with its conditions involving the replacement of Allied troops in the country with Dutch forces, is, as we pointed out sometime ago, proof of the desire of Indonesian leaders to avoid conflicts and to achieve a peaceful settlement of the problem of Indonesian freedom. It is one of the best tributes to the bonafides of Indonesian leaders. The Dutch claim on their part to have made large concessions. But trouble has arisen over the question of the Dutch Crown. The sanctity of "the Crown" is an interesting instrument of European Imperialism in its efforts to maintain its hold on the Colonies. The people of European countries have the right, and exercise it too, to make an end, or otherwise dispose of their "Crown." Its divinity and sanctity are subject to their free will. But Asiatic and African Colonial peoples, who have nothing to do with it racially or nationally, must accept its inviolable sanctity. There is an uncomplimentary word for this obvious contradiction.

### Embarrassing Resolutions!

The United Nations Steering Committee had two interesting items on its agenda which, on their merits, should have taken two minutes to be accepted unanimously and wholeheartedly. But both would have embarrassed the civilised members of the Committee and neither would be acted upto in any way whatsoever. One was a resolution by India requiring that Genocide (extermination of racial groups) be branded as one of humanity's worst crimes. The hands of White or European civilisation are historically unclean in respect of this crime which European colonisers have committed almost all over the world. The second item was Egypt's request to the General Assembly to take energetic measures in Central Europe to "put an end to persecution and to religious or racial discrimination." This, of course, refers to the barbarous behaviour of civilised Europe towards its own European Jews. And it is, therefore, most embarrassing. For "civilisation" has found that the only punishment which can be inflicted on European countries for the crime of anti-Jewish genocide is to relieve those countries of Jews and dump them on Arab Palestine whose awful crime is that it is innocent.

### Only Solution

A report from London suggests the possibility of a Government announcement to release from detention in Palestine all members of the Jewish community interned there except those held for specific purposes. If it is correct, it coincides rather oddly with the discovery that last week's bombing of the British Embassy in Rome was part of an extension of organised Jewish terrorism from Palestine. Indeed, the credit for it is openly taken by the Irgun Zvai Leumi, which also announces a plan to start a "Jewish military front abroad" in the heart of Britain. The Rome outrage proves that the "front" has been started. And it will work also, thanks to the encouragement so far given to Zionism. This encouragement makes the terrorism naturally inevitable too. The Zionists were led to believe that their unjust and unwarranted aspirations against the homeland of another people would be realised. They are losing patience due to disappointment. The only solution failing acceptance of their demands is that they should be told categorically that they cannot get what they ask for. This is the only solution because no amount of sympathy and support by Britain and President Truman can force the Arabs of Palestine and of the entire Arab world to allow Palestine to be betrayed.

### Mr. Churchill's Plea

Mr. Winston Churchill has utilised the occasion of the conferment upon him of the Freedom of the City of Birmingham to make a statement. He does not refer directly to M. Stalin or to the latter's charge of the British ex-Premier being a war-monger. But he does reply to that charge indirectly by pleading for peace and reconciliation for all and for the ending of "bitter hatreds." He, however, reverts at the same time to his demand for "an interchange of actual military facts supported by adequate reciprocal inspection on terms of honourable equality between all the Powers, great and small." This is really a commendable suggestion and one which is effectively conducive to the promotion of peace. But the Russians may perhaps counter the strength of their occupation forces in Eastern Europe with the strength of British occupation forces in "the Empire" and thus raise an issue which usually drives Mr. Winston Churchill to the verge of apoplexy. Mr. Churchill has no more right to regard Asiatic and African countries as his —and the theory of "we mean to hold what is ours" is an imperialist impertinence—than the Russians have to maintain occupation forces, or expand, outside their country. Moreover, it is impossible to have peace in the world so long as Imperialism endures, in whatever old or new shapes.

## Our Readers' Views

### "Off My Chest"

Sir,—Your correspondent Mr. J. M. N. Wadia has stolen my thunder by anticipating the reactions of a common man like me. 'Dim' has not surely added lustre to his illustrious self by forsaking the way of "I go West" to don the plummage of a columnist, throwing anything and everything 'off the chest'. Why as a patriotic young member of a neutral but influential community he does not suggest something constructive, something practical, something sensible, instead of throwing cold water on whatever little someone tries to do even though belatedly. And where was his journalistic lash lost so long?

Such lapses on the part of a promising young man like 'D.F.K.' are painful to his admirers.

P. M. BUCH.

### Indiscriminate Arrests

Sir—It is a matter of great regret that during the present communal riots in the city the police have been arresting persons indiscriminately. Somewhere a stabbing or a stone-throwing incident occurs and the police either immediately or after a very long time—more "after a very long time" than "immediately"—catch hold of some poor and innocent persons and put them under arrest, not because they had anything to do with the incident, but because the police want to show some arrests to their credit.

Of course, the arrested men are placed before the Magistrate concerned, who generally orders all or most of them to be released on bail, and on the day of hearing of their cases a large majority of arrested persons are, as they are bound to be, discharged on the applications of the police themselves.

One wonders, then, why the police should at all effect such indiscriminate and large-scale arrests to the harassment of the public. Do the police thereby expect to put an end to the disturbances? If so, then, I must say that they are working under an illusion.

Mere arrests of innocent citizens, however large in number they may be, will never bring peace to the city. On the contrary the police will lose the co-operation and the help of the public, which is so very essential in these trying times, if they persist in these bad tactics.

The unhappy part of the whole matter is that all this harassment of he public is going on under the nose of our popular Government, despite the fact that numerous complaints have already been made to the authorities concerned both privately and publicly.

Y. R. INGLE.

### How To End The Present Disturbances

Sir—One really wonders as to how the present disturbances will end? I am of firm opinion that the present disturbances are neither political nor communal and, therefore, neither appeals from the leaders will pacify nor peace committee will serve any useful purpose. I think the only way to bring the situation under control is to pay a substantial sum as reward to person or persons who bring about the arrest of the assailant and then not only sentence the assailant to jail but award to him the punishment of whipping. I am further of opinion that some mark must be made on the visible part of the body of the assailant who is convictd of stabbing so that till his life he must be identified as sinner to the society, as the present disturbances, are caused more or less by those who have been discharged from the army and who have seen and are accustomed to bloodshed without any horror.

ADAMALI.

### Fight Rumours

Sir—In view of the Peace Committee that has been instituted in Bombay I seek to draw the attention of those responsible citizens by way of a few suggestions through your paper.

During the war, loud-speakers were installed at prominent street junctions, by the way of counter propaganda so that day to day news would reach the man in the street. To-day, Bombay, a city full of rumours, gullible and fantastic, creates an unwanted tension. These rumours can easily be counteracted through the loud-speakers. News concerning this city alone should be catered. The Police also should use this medium to give publicity to their news concerning the general public. The loud-speakers, which are far better than the antiquated medium of "Bhattaki", should be exploited to fight rumours, and for appeals, and for first hand authoritative news.

K. B. IRANI.

### New Artists' Society

Sir,—It has been decided to form a society of writers, musicians, dancers, artists and dramatists, both Eastern and Western, who may, through co-operation amongst themselves, develop and utilise their talents by arranging public presentation of their works and thus securing the preliminary training, encouragement and experience that will prove invaluable to them when they set out on their own.

There are to be no distinctions regarding nationality, religion, etc. of all who wish to avail themselves of this opportunity and all their work after being approved of by a board of advisers of mature judgment will be publicly presented if it is financially possible to do so or will be given publicity in the magazine which has been planned to be the official organ of the society.

All your readers are invited to send their opinions, suggestions, preferences, interests, etc., to me at, 9, Masina Bldg., 70, Clare Road, Bombay 8.

L. L. RODERICKS.

### Indian Poultry Industry

Sir,—I fail to understand why Government have prohibited the import of pure-bred poultry from foreign countries. Compared to that of the other countries the standard of Indian poultry is ridiculously low: the quality of our stock is far from satisfactory. It is essential, therefore, that 'fresh blood' be imported into India frequently, which is one of the reliable ways of improving our stock. The Government, on the one hand, are trying to create greater interest and enthusiasm in the people but at the same time such imports are being prohibited! Now that war is over, it is high time that this point be considered and the ban on such imports lifted!

L. G. DESHPANDE.

Kamshet.

### Buildings In Military Occupation

Sir—There is a press report that the Southern Command have released from military occupation buildings of all categories requisitioned for war purposes. These include residential flats situated in Bombay Presidency also. One does not know why buildings between Matunga and Sion vacated by military are lying idle when the scarcity of housing accommodation is very acute in Bombay. Will the authorities concerned enlighten the public?

A SUFFERER.

### A "Free Vote" Reform

Sir,—A reform in our democratic institutions to give full freedom to a voter to choose his own representative, as also absolute freedom in casting his vote in favour of whomsoever he likes deserves to be immediately brought about, if our Democracy is to emerge purer and purer day by day. With the Bombay Municipal General Elections fast approaching, should we not stir up for such a reform? Party selections of candidates has been a notorious scandal. Let candidates be free to stand and proclaim their allegiance or loyalty to particular Party or ideology and let the voters be free to vote for any of them. To provide for the exercise of a real "free vote" Appeals to communal or religious sentiments or to worst passions should be made a penal offence. A voter should be legally prevented from being escorted to the booth or from being guided thereat by any but officials. No cars or conveyances with or without any flags or placards signifying a particular party or a candidate should be allowed to be used by a party or a candidate for carrying voters. All such conveyances should be provided by the official machinery. No separate booths for different candidates should be provided and no shouting, canvassing or any such propaganda should be permitted at the booths. In short, a voter, from the moment he leaves his premises, should be left absolutely free until he comes out of the election booth. Legislation to give immediate effect to this should be enacted.

Should we not be bold to stop those methods and practices which go to make Democracy a farce and to encourage hypocrisy?

N. B. PARULEKAR.

### Corporation And Communalism

Sir,—On Monday the Bombay Municipal Corporation will be called upon to consider applications for grants-in-aid from a number of private institutions in the city. A good many of these are purely communal institutions whose membership is limited to particular communities or sections thereof and the benefits to be derived from whose activities are meant to be enjoyed exclusively by the members of these communities or sections, and not by the general public as a whole. Is it not time that the Municipality, which is a cosmopolitan body, which derives its income from the public as a whole and whose funds are meant to be devoted to public welfare and not for the exclusive benefit of this or that community or section of the public, decided once for all to stop actively fostering the growth of communal activities and the communal spirit with grants from public funds? The Corporation should tell these communal institutions that they will receive no further help from municipal funds so long as their membership is not thrown open to all citizens without distinction of caste, creed or race and so long as the benefits of the activities of the institutions are reserved for the exclusive enjoyment of particular communities or sections thereof.

I appeal to the Congress Municipal Party in particular, which dominates the Corporation at present and which professes to be a non-communal body, to be true to its principles and cease being a party to the open encouragement of communalism in this city with the aid of municipal funds. If the present scandalous policy continues, more and more communal institutions of mushroom type are bound to spring into existence and demand help because the others are getting it. The Municipality should be warned in time and put an end to the evil without delay.

A CONGRESSMAN.

# FOOD SITUATION IN GOA

## A Warning To Central & Provincial Governments

(By "ECONOMICUS")

According to a press report the Portuguese colonial administration in the settlement of Goa it is trying to negotiate import of food supplies from us. It would therefore be interesting to survey actual Goan conditions.

### Black Market

Throughout the war, Goa maintained the blackest black market. The administration later admitted this when the present Governor's predecessor sacked two high officers for complicity in black-market operations. Before the war the Government, through the notorious rice tax, used to reap a revenue of laks which was diverted towards the Salazar propaganda.

Goa's staple food is rice and it does not grow enough rice. But Goa is ruled by the "bhatcar" (landlord), bureaucrat and padres. The result is that the poor bear the brunt of every conceivable type of human want and misery. They emigrate in thousands and the food crisis has added as further pressure to this mass population movement. Thousands of Goanese are living in Bombay and other places. a large number of whom could well have gone home if the Portuguese administration were efficient.

Anyone who knows how the bogus rationing and levy system functions in Goa is convinced that any sacrifice that we would make in diverting supplies of rice would go into the black market of Pangim, Margao and Mapuca. It is a notorious fact that the pro-Congress satyagrahis are being beaten up, imprisoned and ill-treated and British Indian subjects subjected to illegal and internationally unjustifiable treatment that exists only in surviving fascist states because a group of Hindu and Roman Catholic Brahmins, merchants and landlords believe that the use of force and frightfulness could smash the movement of the Gomantaki people.

### Imports Of Brandy

Every week a Portuguese steamer brings large consignments of the cheap Portuguese brandy, Macaira, and sugar of the Sena Sugar Works of Mozambique. This company, like all economic and industrial enterprize in Portugal and Portuguese colonies, is financed by the British. Goa distils alcohol of a strength that is criminal. The "feni" is stronger than the strongest alcoholic drink and the people are being systematically poisoned. Goa produces, distributes and of course, exports or smuggles alcohol that exceeds in quantity consumed perhaps by the entire Bombay province. Goa imposes no prohibitive duties on foreign products, but singles out Indian products for high duties, with the result that the poor are bled as their food and clothing requirements are to be met by British India.

We have nothing against the people of Goa getting their food supplies from us. The people are not responsible, but are actually victims of the fascist rule and maladministration. But New Delhi and Bombay must see that the supplies released reach the people for whom they are meant. Any supplies offered should be on condition that there is a check and an agent of the Indian Government supervices the distribution operations. Otherwise, the whole dump goes into the black market and the poor remain as hungry and much more miserable. The Portuguese must also be asked to exchange the manufactured sugar and Goan products like cocoanut and raise the customs barrier.

### Wanted: Guarantee

A scrutiny should be carried also of the so-called levy system which, like rationing, is a mockery. The deficit is worked out on the basis of pre-war rice import figures. It must be pointed out that Goa used to buy large quantities of cheap Burma rice because the local produce was economically prohibitive. No definite statistics are available of local production because the administration is not well-organized and the "bhaicars" know every device of evasion. Reports show that there is a large illegal market and smuggling is on the increase. What is the use of our sparing our badly-required food supplies if the food grown in Goa is invested in large profit by a group of sharks of "bhatcars" and 'merchants'?

## Manpower Crisis In Britain

### Attlee's Plea At "Purdah" Meeting Of Labour M.P's.

LONDON, Nov. 5. (Reuter): Prime Minister Clement Attlee today addressed the Parliamentary Labour Party—comprising all Labour members of Parliament—on the country's manpower needs now generally regarded as the most difficult domestic problem. The meeting was private and those present were pledged not to divulge what the Premier told them, but it appears he dwelt at length with the manpower crisis. The actual working population is much the same as before the war, but the country needs an equivalent of 700,000 more men to reach the exports target to compensate for the raising of the school-leaving age from 14 to 15 and an unspecified number to replace those in the much larger Armed Force the country must maintain because of the international situation. Giving these figures Mr. Attlee called for a change of attitude from the old idea of restrictive practices to make jobs go round.

He also addressed the Trades Union Congress to-day on similar lines.

## LATEST BRITISH ACTION IN SUDAN

### Sidky's Protest To Governor-General

CAIRO, Nov. 5. (Reuter): Ismail Sidky Pasha, the Premier of Egypt, has lodged a protest with the Governor-General of the Sudan; Lt.-Gen. Sir Hubert Huddleston, against the recent anti-Egyptian demonstrations at Khartoum, "Reuter" learned this afternoon from a reliable source.

On Thursday, there was a demonstration in Khartoum by 3,000 supporters of the U.M.M.A. Party which demands independence for the Sudan.

On Friday the opponents of union with Egypt wrecked a club which was the local headquarters of pro-Egyptian elements, after a mass demonstration in favour of union of the Sudan with Egypt. Sixteen people were taken to hospital in Omdukman on Friday.

### BIG COMMUNIST VICTORY IN MANCHURIA

NANKING, Nov. 4 (Reuter). A Communist spokesman today claimed a major victory in South Manchuria, where he said that 5,000 men, including the Commanding General and his deputy of the American-trained and equipped Nationalist 26th Division were "annihilated" in a battle for Kwantien, about 100 miles southeast of Mukden.

The battle in Northern Shantung also gained momentum as both Nationalists and Communists landed more forces from South Manchuria, according to the Chinese press, which reports that Communists are attempting to remove military stores to mountains inland through gaps in the Government ring round the city.

### JAI PRAKASH'S CALL TO NATION

LUCKNOW, Nov. 4. (API): A call to the nation to prepare for the impending struggle "which the country will have to launch in the near future to liquidate foreign Imperialism" was given by Mr. Jai Prakash Narain Congress Socialist Leader and Member of the Congress Working Committee, addressing a huge gathering at Barabanki 17 miles from Lucknow, last night.

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain said that the many vital problems facing post-war India could not be solved while the British dominated the Indian scene. The formation of Ministries in the Provinces and the Government at the Centre did not mean that power had passed into Indian hands. Mr. Jai Prakash Narain declared: "Whatever power the British have parted under compulsion to the Interim Government is being withdrawn. British imperialist tried to impose their men on the Interim Government and they have succeeded. The Muslim League has played its political game on the hints of the British diplomats and its entry into the Government means that the agents of British Imperialism have entered the Government to sabotage all efforts for achieving Indian Independence."

Describing Mr. Jinnah as "the Mirjafar of Modern India" the speaker said that the League Leader was the tool of the British and his cry of Muslims or Islam in danger was meant to place obstacles in the path of Indian Independence.

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain said that India could attain Swaraj by way of negotiations and compromise in the Constituent Assembly. The faint hopes of wresting power through offices were fading. If after disagreement at the Centre, Pandit Nehru resigned, the British Government would not allow the Congress to prepare for another struggle. Now was the time to organise the people when the Congress Ministries were functioning in the Provinces and at the Centre. British Imperialism was on the verge of collapse and it must be dealt the final blow to eliminate foreign domination.

Giving an indication of the technique of the future struggle the Congress Socialist Leader said, "whatever had been done in 1942 to paralyse the administrative machinery would have to be done on a much larger scale to liberate this country. In earlier struggles the Congress had adopted the technique of filling British jails but now the soldiers of Indian freedom would remain out of jails and send the enemies of Indian freedom to jails."

## POINTS FROM LETTERS

S. P. ROY (Bombay) appeals to Bombay Bengalis to rally to the help of stricken Bengal by organising relief.

S. M. IYER (Bombay) suggests that in order to counter the hostile feelings which cause riots, Congress and Muslim Leaguers should go in procession in affected localities flying the Congress and League flags side by side.

J. REUBEN (Bombay) complains of the practice of men who enter railway compartments reserved for women and indulge in rude and arrogant behaviour. The railway authorities should take steps to deal with such men, he says.

DR. OBRAY, (Bombay) details his bitter experiences of overcrowded travelling from Bombay to Dasgaon in Kolaba District and says that the whole sorry state of affairs is a result of the monopoly system and there will be no real relief to passengers till this monopoly is abolished.

K. M. ENGINEER (Bombay) Complains about the inconvenience caused to the public by the BEST stopping J and N route services from Jacob Circle and suggests that they should run these buses at least from Mahalaxmi Station Bridge to Worli Naka.

GULAMALI HABIB (Bombay) suggests that in view of the many difficulties suffered by Indian students going abroad, the practice should be discouraged and in order to do so a Central Indian University should be started to co-ordinate and set common standards for all the Universities of India.

## CONTROL OF SMALLPOX

Dr. M. T. Morgan, Medical Officer of Health, Port of London, addressing the Annual Meeting of the Association of Port Health Authorities of the British Isles in Edinburgh on 29th May 1946 on "Some Aspects of the Control of Smallpox," said that, so far as he was aware, smallpox was the only disease on which very little research had been carried out during the past fifty years or more. It was difficult to understand why this was so. Perhaps it was because the old type of vaccination was thought to give almost 100 per cent immunity. Now that those methods had gone, it was time that some research was undertaken with regard to the effects of the later methods.

Dr. Morgan said: "Now is the moment when we should ask the powers that be to undertake considerable and prolonged research into the reactions to vaccination in order to tell us whether the immunity brought about by modern vaccination is sufficient, and, if it is not sufficient, why not, and what methods we should take to make it satisfactory."

—"GLASGOW HERALD".

## Madras Textile Policy

MADRAS, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Opposition to the Madras Government's textile policy was voiced in a resolution passed by the Council of the Madras Presidency Muslim League.

Enforcement of the policy, the resolution stated, would be "ruinous to the economic interests of the province, make Madras a hanger-on of other provinces and deprive the people of the source of securing adequate quantity of cheap and serviceable cloth and of the source of satisfactory employment to innumerable people including thousands of weavers."

The council protested against the "compulsion inherent in the enforcement of the Government Khadi policy" which it would undermine the economic development of the province.

## TETE-A-TETE

**WITHOUT COMMENT**

Mr. Jogendra Nath Mandal speaking at the meeting said that Mr. Jinnah, was not only the leader of the Muslim League, but also the leader of the people of India. Mr. Mandal said that he anticipated this Union of the Scheduled Castes and the League as he knew that his leader Dr. Ambedkar was in touch with Mr. Jinnah.

—Delhi Report.

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At a reception by the Asia Institute, Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit said: "We in Asia have been left behind by the march of progress and have much leeway to make."

We beg to differ slightly. We in Asia have been kept behind during the march of progress.

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Among the documents relating to the Indo-South African case that have been flown to New York the most important is the letter dated 1855 inviting India to send her nationals to South Africa "where they would be treated on a par with Europeans."

The latter, of course, is quite irrelevant. In the first place it was not written by the Smuts Government and alternatively the privileges were promised to people who, naturally, have long been dead.

General Smuts should challenge the Indian Delegation to produce the Indians who went to South Africa in 1855 and to prove that the present Legislation applies to them.

* * * *

In his latest pronouncement we read Mr. Winston Churchill saying: "Certainly, I hope for a broad peace to be gained by the world, a peace for all and reconciliation for all...."

Here we sat up wondering but immediately sat back. "....vanquished as well as victors", Mr. Churchill had carefully added to complete the sentence. So that he was not speaking of his "Empire" in Asia and Africa which is his very—British own and which, of course, he "means to hold".

* * * *

On Tuesday's agenda of the U. N. Steering Committee was a resolution by India in association with Panama and Cuba which branded the extermination of racial groups as one of humanity's crimes.

We hope the Committee safely steered clear of that dangerous resolution.

* * * *

Says a London message: "The British Government it is believed, will shortly announce its decision to release from detention in Palestine all members of the Jewish community interned there, except those held for specific crimes."

Good, very good. As a matter of fact the decision has been overdue, hasn't it?

* * * *

In a recent speech Marshal Tito is reported to have declared that the friendship between the Slav Nations was not superficial but that of blood ties.

Quite right. And red blood too.

* * * *

Mr. K. K. Chatterjee has broken his fast unto death because of Mrs. Handoo's threat of a counter-fast.

We are glad—that Mr. Chatterjee has fulfilled our expectations.

But he shouldn't have done so so soon; in fact, within 72 hours of beginning his hunger.

## STALIN TO ADDRESS SOVIET PEOPLE

LONDON, Nov. 5. (Reuter): A [illegible] pronouncement by Generalissimo Stalin is expected within the next [illegible] hours. Interest in the speech will be more than usually high in the present state of international relations with the Big Four Foreign Ministers in conference in New York simultaneously with sessions of the United Nations Assembly.

The 29th anniversary of the Bolshevik Revolution of October 25, 1917 falls (owing to change in the Russian calendar) on Thursday, November 7. For many years it has been customary for M. Stalin to address the Soviet people on the eve of the anniversary.

The only notable break in this routine was last year when M. Stalin was convalescing in South Russia and M. Molotov took his place at the customary Red Square parade. M. Stalin has since resumed his active functions in the Kremlin.

Although annually expected and delivered the speeches by Stalin are never announced in advance. The time most frequently chosen has been in early evening Moscow Time.

## New Zealand Deputy Premier On Russian Enigma

AUCKLAND (New Zealand), Nov. 5. (A.P.A.): Walter Nash, New Zealand Deputy Premier and Finance Minister, said to-day that failure to penetrate the "iron curtain" around the "great enigma, Russia" would lead to another war.

Addressing a gathering of Auckland business men, the Minister declared, "Nobody knows in its fullness what the Soviet wants to do, but unless we, in the long run, find a way of understanding them, another war is inevitable. Unless we can get through the iron curtain, then inevitably our youngsters and theirs will be fighting. There is a way without fighting Russia, but I cannot find it at the moment."

Mr. Nash expressed the belief that the Russian people were better off than under the Czars, but added, "I am certain that the Russian form of Government could not prevail in the English-speaking countries."

"If we want to avoid war, we have to find a way of making Russia understand us and of understanding her, and it will not be done by making belligerent speeches against her," he said.

# NO BRITISH WHITE PAPER ON INTERIM GOVT.

## Pethick-Lawrence Says There Has Been No Departure From Whitehall's Previous Intentions

LONDON, Nov. 5 (Reuter). Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Secretary of State for India, stated in the House of Lords today that nothing which paseed in the correspondence between the Viceroy and the Indian party leaders involved any departure from the previous intentions of the British Government as to the constitutional position of the Interim Government.

He said this in declining to publish a White Paper setting out the details of the correspondence and the negotiations which preceded the formation of the Interim Government.

He added that the Viceroy concurred in this.

The matter had been raised by the Marquis of Salisbury (Conservative), who asked the Government how soon further papers would be laid on the table as to the events in India since last presented in July. He asked that the papers should deal with the following points—the correspondence and the negotiations leading up to the formation of the Interim Government and in particular what guarantees had been given by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru for the protection of minorities and further setting out what had been the nature and extent of the recent riots in India and how far British troops had been used to intervene and whether that had been done on the direct authority of the Viceroy.

Lord Pethick-Lawrence replield: "The negotiations which have led to the setting up of the present Interim Government in India necessarily involved a large number of interviews between the Viceroy and the leaders of the two major parties. These interviews were interspersed with correspondence. There were also correspondence and discussions between party leaders themselves. The negotiations were of a confidential character and agreed records of the interviews do not exist. The correspondence alone would not give a complete picture of the negotiations. It is true that part of this correspondence has been published in India on the initiative of party leaders but publication of these documents as a White Paper would obviously be a very incomplete compilation and would not give to Parliament a full picture on which to base any considered conclusion.

Lord Pethick-Lawrence continued: "I can, however, inform Your Lordships that nothing which has passed in this correspondence between the Viceroy and the party leaders involved any departure from the previous intentions of the British Government as to the constitutional position of the Interim Government.

"In these circumstances, the British Government do not propose to publish a White Paper setting out the details of the correspondence and the negotiations which preceded the formation of the Interim Government. The Viceroy concurs.

"With regard to other matters on which the noble Marquis asks for information these do not seem to His Majesty's Government to be suitable for inclusion in a White Paper. But so far as practicable, and in accord with public interests, I would endeavour to answer any questions in regard to them which the noble Lords may wish to put to me."

The Marquis of Salisbury said that the House was not likely to be satisfied with the reply. He did not desire to press the Secretary of State at the present time but, undoubtedly, further questions would be put to him as soon as possible and he hoped the Secretary of State would be in a position to answer far more fully than he had done today.

# "NO MERCY TO LAW-BREAKERS"

## Warning Leaflets Dropped From Air

PATNA, November 5. (A.P.I.): Thousands of copies of two leaflets, one under the signature of the District Magistrate of Patna and the other containing an appeal from Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, were distributed from air today throughout the District of Patna.

The leaflet under the signature of the District Magistrate, while appealing to the people not to resort to acts of lawlessness, warns them that a large contingent of military was arriving and that no mercy would be shown to law breakers.

The leaflet under the signature of Mr. Jai Prakash Narain says that the Muslim League had been blamed for the disturbances in Noakhali and other parts of East Bengal. But the people should not forget that the British Government was at present behind the League. If the Hindus attacked Muslims where the latter were in a minority they would only be helping the hands of the British to hold India in bondage because British troops would be used to quell these disturbances and the necessity of their presence in India would be proved before the world. Therefore, Mr. Jaiprakash Narain said, it was the duty of every one of them to stop these communal riots.

**PREMIER STRIKES NOTE OF HOPE**

The Prime Minister, Sri Krishna Sinha, in a statement today, asked the Magistrate and the Police of the Province to do their duty undeterred and not hesitate to take stern steps to maintain law and order and save the lives and property of the citizens.

He added: "An ugly communal situation has developed in the Province which has resulted in arson, loot and murder. I am aware that Magistrates and Policemen are under great physical and mental strain trying to cope with the situation, but it has not as yet shown any visible signs of improvement. They have therefore to redouble their efforts. They are custodians of life and property of the people and those in distress look upon them for help."

He hoped that with the co-operation of "the sensible section of the population in the two communities" the Police and the Magistracy would soon be able to return the Province to its normal life."

**BREN-GUN CORDON ROUND PATNA**

Bren-guns and powerful searchlights have been mounted on steam launches by a river patrol, organised to prevent the outbreak of trouble on riversides. The patrol will also prohibit the entry of outsiders in Patna area.

# Lathi Charge On Students

MASULIPATAM, Nov. 5. (U.P.I.): Several students, including four lady students, received injuries in a lathi charge made by the Police on the students of the Hindu College as they started picketing at the college gates yesterday with a view to continue the fortnight old strike at the College.

The College, which was closed since October 21st as a result of the students' strike, which they resorted to as a protest against the system of detentions at the selection examinations, reopened yesterday. The students, however, decided to continue the strike and picketed in batches, lying prostrate across the main entrances. The police carried out a lathi charge and arrested 50 of them.

Several students were injured as a result of the lathi charge. Mr. Jagannath Reddi, Secretary of the Students' Strike Action Committee, lost consciousness and was removed to hospital.

Finding the situation getting serious, the authorities have closed the institution. About 1,000 students went in procession round the town in the evening, demanding release of the arrested students.

# SATYAGRAHA IN SIND

## Steps To Urge Withdrawal Of Order On "Satyarth Prakash"

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): An emergent meeting of the Council of Action of the All-India Satyarth Prakash Defence Committee held here on November 3 passed a resolution condemning the action of the Sind Government forfeiting the Sind edition of the "Satyarth Prakash".

In the opinion of the Council, a stage has been reached when effective steps should be taken to secure an early withdrawal of the order and thereby vindicate the cause of religious freedom.

The Council resolved to launch a campaign of individual satyagrans and called upon Arya Samajists all over the country to submit names of Satyagrahis at an early date.

The Council vested full powers in Mahatma Narain Swamiji to act on behalf of the Council of Action and take all such steps as he may deem fit in this connection.

# Free Auction Of Ceylon Tea And Rubber From Next Year

## Britain's Bulk Purchase Contract To Expire: Will Calcutta Follow Suit?

COLOMBO, Nov. 5 (API). Bulk purchase by the Ceylon Government of the Island's rubber and tea, which under wartime contracts was made on behalf of the United Kingdom, terminates on December 31 this year, according to an announcement by the Leader of the State Council, Mr. D. S. Senanayake. This follows a report made to the Board of Ministers by Sir Oliver Goonetilleke, Financial Secretary, who recently returned from England, after unsuccessful negotiations with the British authorities for further contracts with the United Kingdom.

Though the restoration of free rubber market has been anticipated for sometime the announcement regarding tea has come as a complete surprise to the producers who had confidently hoped that Sir Oliver's mission would be successful.

Colombo auctions of tea and rubber will thus be resumed on January 1, 1947 and the Island's rubber and tea could be shipped without restrctions by anyone who secures freight without any restrictions after December 31 this year.

**BRITAIN NOT SURPRISED**

LONDON, (Reuter). A British Ministry of Food spokesman, in an interview to Reuter on the announcement of the Leader of the Ceylon State Council on tea said: "The Ministry is not surprised by the announcement that Ceylon will cease bulk sales of tea to the Ministry after December 31 and that free auctions of tea will be resumed in Colombo on January 1, 1947, although the Ministry of Food has not yet received official notification".

The spokesman added: "The Ministry will not be surprised either if the Indian Government also decides to cease bulk sales to the British Ministry of Food and resume free Calcutta tea auctions from January 1947."

Apparently the Ministry had made offers to both the Indian and Ceylon Governments for the 1947 tea crops and still awaits the Ceylon and Indian Governments' decisions.

# JAWAHAR APPEALS FOR HINDU-MUSLIM CONCORD

## Govt. Won't Tolerate Jungle Law, He Warns

PATNA, Nov. 4 (API): Pandit Nehru and Abdur Rab Nishtar accompanied by Mr. Anugraha Narain Sinha, Finance Minister, Mr. Abdul Bari President of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Nauhaa and other Muslim League leaders visited Jethli, Fatwa, Bakhtiarpur and Biharsharif.

At Jethli, Pandit Nehru saw the arson committed by hooligans and at Fatwa addressed a large gathering and appealed for peace, Amity and concord between Hindus and Muslims in Bihar. He warned the people that the Government would not tolerate jungle law and most drastic steps would be taken by the Government to stop destruction of human life and property.

At Biharsharif, in spite of the tense communal atmosphere and against the advice of local officials, Pandit Nehru addressed another meeting and explained his mission to the people and requested them to live in peace at all costs.

Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar also addressed the gathering and appealed to the Muslims to maintain peace.

On his return journey Pandit Nehru addressed a meeting at Jethli village where there was trouble the previous day and after addressing a meeting in Patna City he and Sardar Nishtar boarded a special train to Jehanabad.

**JAWAHAR & NISHTAR EMPLANE FOR MONGHYR**

PATNA, Nov. 5 (API): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Abdur Rab Nishtar left by plane for a tour of Monghyr and Bhagalpur district at 8 this morning. They were accompanied by Mr. Anugrah Narain Sinha, Finance Minister and Mr. Anand Mohan Sahay, former member of the Azad Hind Government

After addressing a meeting at Monghyr, Pandit Nehru and party will motor to Sultanganj, one of the riot affected areas in Bhagalpur district. They are expected to return here in the evening.

## FIRST THINGS FIRST

### "We Have To Put An End To This Madness And Then Argue", Says Nehru

PATNA, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued the following statement:

"Soon after my arrival here on third evening I sent a telegram to Mahatma Gandhi in reply to an enquiry of his. This enquiry related to a specific instance and I find considerable prominence has been given in the local press to my reply and it has been taken to apply to the whole Bihar situation. I want to make it clear that this was not my intention and I would not speak of the whole situation on arrival here without fuller knowledge."

"While exaggeration is undoubtedly bad and must be avoided, to underrate what has happened or is happening is also bad and dangerous.

"What has happened and is happening in certain parts of Bihar is terrible and I can hardly believe that human beings can behave so.

"We have to put an end to this madness immediately and then we can argue about it later. Any person who minimises the gravity of the situation here does no service."

# Chancellor Of Exchequer Heckled In Commons

## Echo Of Anglo-Argentine Agreement, British Loan And Sterling Balances Issues

LONDON, November 5. (A.P.I.): The Chancellor of Exchequer, Dr. Hugh Dalton, denied in the House of Commons today that he had received any representations from the United States on the Anglo-Argentine Agreement. "But", he added "I am, of course, always ready to discuss with our American friends any matters of common interest".

He was answering a question what representations had been received from the United States Government concerning the clause empowering the Argentine Government to dispose of Sterling Balances within the Sterling Area if the balance of payments within the Sterling Area should, in any year, be unfavourable to Argentine; and on what date the first oral representations from the United States Government were received on this subject.

Mr. Robert Boothby (Conservative) asked if the Chancellor still maintained that no understanding was reached between Britain and the United States on how Britain was to deal with Sterling obligations.

Dr. Dalton replied: "Yes, I am quite tired of telling the members that".

Another member asked: In view of the statement made by Mr. James Byrnes, the United States Secretary of State, that there were some American officials who thought that parts of the agreement might be in conflict with the British Loan, is the Chancellor of Exchequer prepared to tell the House what were the points on which these American officials expressed that opinion.

Dr. Dalton replied: In this country and I think also in the United States, it is not officials but Ministers who govern. (laughter).

What Mr Byrnes said at his Press Conference was that "the United States have followed the negotiations with interest"—that is the Anglo-Argentine—"and there were some American officials who thought that part of the agreement might be in conflict with the British Loan Agreement. They were not, however, regarded as serious".

# FOUR PERSONS KILLED IN BANGALORE FIRING

## Sequel To Communist Workers' Clash With Scheduled Castes

BANGALORE, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Four persons were killed and several others injured when the police opened fire yesterday evening to prevent a clash between Labourers (Communist) and Scheduled Castes Federation groups in Andersonpet, Kolar Gold Fields.

Following incidents on the previous day when the two groups came to a clash resulting in the death of one and injuries to four, the Communist workers yesterday tried to take out a procession into the Scheduled Castes' area. Reserve police which had been rushed to the spot stopped the procession when the processionists began throwing stones and brickbats on the police.

The police opened fire resulting in the death of four and injuries to several of them.

Military have since been sent to quell the trouble.

The Government have taken precautionary measures prohibiting the carrying of weapons and assembly of five or more persons.

It is pointed out that the trouble has no communal tinge at all. Out of the four mines in Kolar, workers in two are now on strike involving eight thousand workers. The situation is now quiet and is stated to be well in hand. The Home Minister Mr. M. Seshadri proceeded to the spot to personally supervise the arrangements.

# NATIONALISE INDIA THROUGH SPORTS

## Forty Nations Abhor 'Cricket'

(By JANKI DASS, Secretary, Indian Cycling Federation).

My participating in three International Sports Meetings, held at various countries, since 1938, gave me an opportunity to get in touch with the world's greatest sportsmen of not less than forty nationalities; and I can say with confidence that Sports will play a much greater part in the building of new and energetic India than any other means. The greatest nation-building factors, i.e., health, culture, freedom and equality, are known only on sports-fields.

But the Indian sports movement has so far been stamped by the 'British union Jack' which, it is a pity, encouraged the British propaganda games, prominent being cricket.

**CRICKET SEEN THROUGH EYES OF FORTY NATIONS**

Almost all the delegates of more than forty nations who participated at the World Championship at Zurich, in September last, showed their surprise at the keen interest which India, advertised as embodiment of starving millions, takes in such an expensive and timeless games, as Cricket. They were unanimous in their opinion that only aristocrats who do not know the value of time and money, can indulge in this game. That is why, they claimed, it is entirely unknown to the freedom-loving countries, like the democratic Americas, the mighty Russia, the vast Continent, the whole of Western and Eastern Asia, Japan and China and even Africa (excluding South Africa). Even the World Olympic Committee, which is definitely the world's greatest organisation to build character through Sports, never cared to consider its inclusion in the Olympic Games.

The Irish representative at the World Championships, pointed out to me, "Cricket is infested with all the elements of Imperialism—suited best to the British mentality, and invented by the British, and later on, made full use of to carry on pro-British propaganda in the British occupied slave countries, like India, Australia, South Africa and some other islands of slave-subjects, who are taught to look to London for any inspiration."

The American delegate at the World Championships, remarked, "Cricket is advertised as King of Sports in the British colonies, who look in awe and reverence to London and the M.C.C. and its Cricketers, described as World's greatest sportsmen. Owing to the propaganda nature of the British, the M.C.C. always talks in terms of world's greatest."

The French representative said, "As this Game continues for days and days without much result and the worship of the 'hitter' and the 'hit' goes on simultaneously, this Game implies the particular characteristic of the British, namely 'hero-worship' which leads to slave-mentality—the greatest boon of the British to its so-called Empire."

The Australian representative said, "Cricket is so expensive that I doubt if an average Indian has the fortune to 'handle' the bat."

Even the Chief Delegate of England, Mr. H. E. Miles told me, "England is quite good in Cricket because no other leading nation takes interest in this game. What about Athletics, Swimming and Cycling, which form the back-bone of the Olympic Games? England is nowhere in these great games, which are indulged in by more than 40 nationalities. I hate the propaganda nature of our people, most of whom make a mountain out of a mole hill. The English press give front-page news to Cricket but they have blacked out the news of their cycling team. Why? Because it stood 19th out of 21 nations."

Undoubtedly, Cycling created a tremendous interest and occupied a prominent place in the European papers, which were conspicuous by the absence of any Cricket news. However, this is in a nut-shell the opinion of world's greatest sportsmen on the 'majestic' game: Cricket.

The British hailed the recent Indian Cricket tour for 'obvious reasons. But the pity is that the national press in India was 'ridiculously' swayed. I say 'ridiculously' because they did not care to realise that these 'Tests' were exhibited under the spell of British Union Jack, flying high up in the sky and the Indian national flag or even its spirit was nowhere to be seen or felt. That means that the Indians did not play the game on equal footing but under the domination of the British imperialism, as usual. I, personally, pointed out this glaring fact to Mr. P. Gupta at London, but he evaded it carelessly.

It is high time that the Indian press realised that the International Sports Meetings have much greater significance than the mere sport. Most important is the stand on equal footing and then the contribution of culture and art—learning and imparting knowledge to one another.

**DIRE IGNORANCE**

My representation at the World Championships, first as a Leader of the Indian Cycling Team and secondly as India's sole delegate at Union Cyclists Internationale at Zurich, last September, has been ruthlessly criticised by the Bombay Press, though hailed by that of entire Europe and other countries. It is dire ignorance. Cycling in India has to be encouraged. India is land of roads and bicycles; the number of pedal-pushers in India is greater than that of any other nation in the world. Owing to poverty, the millions of Indians depend upon this cheap means of conveyance. Barring my representation at Australia in 1938 and at Japan in 1940, this is the first Indian Cycling team, participating in the World Championships. My selection policy in favour of young cyclists was highly appreciated by the Union Cycliste Internationale, the controlling body for Cycling in the world. These young cyclists learnt and imparted knowledge to themselves and will impart this knowledge to others. This is what Sports teach us and not the bogus glories at any cost

**FIRST TIME ON EQUAL FOOTING**

Above all, India for the first time, stood on equal footing in the international gathering, by hoisting its own national flag. This national gesture, as pointed out by the entire international press, is of gar greater significance than the mere "Cycling". In short, India's participation at the World Championships, under its own flag for the first time in the Indian world history, asserted and established the greatest humanitarian idea, i.e., equality of man to man and nation to nation.

**APPEAL TO THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT**

Before I conclude, I must assert that with the advent of the National Government in India, any black-spot, stamped by the British Imperialism on the face of India, may we wiped off; and Games and Sports, which build health and character and which cost little, like Athletics, Wrestling, Swimming, Cycling and the most important of all: Hu-Tu-Tu—our national sport, should be encouraged to let one and all of India's teeming millions participate and thus contribute to the health and culture of the nation.

# Rest Win Sind Pentangular

## Parsis Defeated By Two Wickets And Six Runs

KARACHI, Nov. 5 (API).

The Rest annexed the Sind Pentangular Cricket Championships for the first time since its inception in 1938 by defeating the Parsis in the final by two wickets and six runs today.

Requiring 97 runs with five wickets to spare for victory The Rest resumed their post-lunch innings. Things looked gloomy for them when they lost three more wickets for the addition of 50 runs including that of Franco, who seemed to be well set. Harris and Tewlis who were next concerned in an unbroken partnership, playing cautious cricket, crossed their opponents total to win the match shortly before the tea interval. Despite several bowling changes, the pair had put on 50 runs in the total of 244. Harris's share being 52 without being separated.

SCORES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Parsis (First Innings) | 151 |
| The Rest (First Innings): | 212 |
| Parsis (Second Innings): | 299 |
| The Rest (Second Innings): | |
| Atbaide c Bhappu b Jagus | 6 |
| S. Fernandes c Bhappu b Mirwalla | 30 |
| A. Fernandes run out | 0 |
| Britto c Dinshaw b Minwalla | 1 |
| P. P. Fernandes (Capt). lbw b.h.f. Mobed | 73 |
| Franco b Hathiram | 19 |
| Harris not out | 52 |
| Mascarenhas run out | 13 |
| Alec Fernandes c Hira b M. J. Mobed | 16 |
| Tewlis not out | 35 |
| D'Cunha (did not bat). | |
| Extras | 10 |
| Total | 244 |

Fall of wickets: 1/14 2/14 3/17 4/98 5/142 6/142 7/159 8/192.

BOWLING:

Minwalla 25/6/48/2
Jagus 12/2/42/1
M. J. Mobed 23/4/48/1
H. F. Mobed 15/3/37/1
Hathiram 17/1/50/1

# DR. LOYOLA TO BE COURT-MARTIALLED

The President, Democratic League, Goa, wires:—

Dr. Loyola is to be court-martialled for the statement published in the "Free Press Journal" dated September 26. The charge is framed under Section 149 Penal Code which deals with crimes of high treason endangering external security of Portugal. Offences committed under Section 149 are punishable upto 8 years penal servitude.

# PRICE FIXATION INEVITABLE

## Minister's Reply To Weavers' Deputation

AHMEDABAD, November 5. (A.P.I.): "Price fixation is inevitable" declared Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister of Civil Supplies, in reply to a deputation of the Gujarat Hand Loom Weavers' Association which demanded regular supply of yarn.

He said "The supply of yarn is inadequate and it has to be rationed. Weavers cannot be given full employment but it cannot be helped. The whole scheme of distribution of yarn is being reconsidered".

## Chinese Miners Stage Sitdown Strike

HONGKONG, Nov. 4. (U.P.A.): Several hundred Chinese miners staged an orderly sit-down strike in front of the Dutch Consulate today following alleged Dutch refusal to pay them sufficiently for working the Bangka tin mines off the coast of Sumatra during 44 months of Japanese occupation. The miners who represent a total of claimed chinese Government representatives here, claimed Government representatives in Hongkong were not willing to help them press their claim against Dutch.

## Greek Civil Employees To Strike

ATHENS, Nov. 5. (Reuter): Greek employees began a 48-hour strike today demanding re-establishment of "pre-war hierarchy" and salaries "in accordance".

From midnight 75,000 Greek civil servants, belonging to both the Left and Right-wing Trade Unions, are also to strike for 24 hours demanding an increase in wages.

# JINNAH CANCELS HOLIDAY TRIP, AWAITS BIHAR'S CALL

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, addressing an Id reunion gathering announced that owing to the grave situation in Bihar he had cancelled all his other programme, including his proposed holiday visit to Baghpat this week and would stay on in Delhi. As soon as he felt that his presence in Bihar would be useful, he would immediately fly there.

"I know the Muslims are brave, but the time has come for them to look to their own house", he said. "Is your house in order? Look into it and answer for yourselves. What have you done these decades? Wherever I go I hear the cry 'Quade-e-Azam, we are waiting for your order'. I tell you the Quade-e-Azam is not going to give the order unless he knows you are prepared. If he did so, he would be a criminal, not a general. Therefore, I say to you, put your house in order, it is late, but it is not too late.

"We have achieved much during the last five years. We have made the Muslims a nation all over India. But much remains to be done yet. Know your weakness, know your faults, search your hearts. See what you have neglected and how you have neglected. Remain united, create discipline. You must look at every nook and corner of society and determine what is to be done. All classes must participate in this task of getting prepared, getting strong. We are not wanting in talent but we have lived an individual life. We have not thought of the Common Man. What is needed now is the revolutionising of the entire mentality and outlook of the Muslims. Be in earnest. Be serious. Be thoughtful.

**INVITES CRITICISM.**

"What is going on all over India is day and night in my mind. I welcome every criticism. The more you criticise, the more I like it. It is your right. I read every word of every letter that comes to me. I spend much of my time reading, listening, studying.

"Terrible things are happening in Bihar. I do not wish to say anything about it, because it is a delicate situation. Constitutionally and by training I am a cold-blooded logician. The first opportunity I get, when I think my going to Bihar will be of use, I shall fly at once. I will fly to-morrow if I find that it is necessary. I was going to Baghpat but due to the happening in Bihar I have cancelled it. I am staying on in Delhi, waiting, watching.

"I can assure you that my life is devoted to the cause of the Muslims. God help me, I shall not fail you."

**CONCERN FOR HARIJANS.**

Turning to Mr. Jogendranath Mandal, Member of the Interim Government, Mr. Jinnah said, "I welcome you from the bottom of my heart. I have felt and I feel that your community needs the greatest possible help that anybody can give you. It is a shame that 60,000,000 people should be condemned as untouchables. At the Round Table Conference I fought for your community more than I fought for the Muslims. In my recent letters to the Viceroy I fought for them. I felt that your community was let down because you were weak. You are sacrificed to the Congress and Mr. Gandhi. This great Muslim nation could not watch all this without doing anything. I felt that here was the time to show, not by talking but by action, that we meant to help you and to stand by you".

**MANDAL THANKS LEADER.**

Earlier, Mr. Jogendranath Mandal who was present by special invitation, thanked Mr. Jinnah for giving what he called "real representation" to the Scheduled Castes in the Interim Government, by nominating a member of the Scheduled Castes Federation. The Scheduled Castes, he said, would rather live as free and honourable men in the Muslim fold or any other fold rather than live in humiliation in the Hindu fold.

Mr. Mandal resented the Scheduled Castes being called Harijans by Gandhiji, for his opinion, it implied condescension and marked them out as inferiors.

He said that Gandhiji and the Congress had done nothing of any practical benefit for the untouchables and that the Congress throughout the negotiations with the Cabinet Mission had shown that it had no intention of doing justice to the Scheduled Castes.

# 5 DEAD AND 36 INJURED

(Continued from Page 1)

half hours this evening.

Leaving police Headquarters at 4-30 p.m. the Premier and party drove through Bhindi Bazar, Byculla, Parel, DeLisle Road, Madanpura, Duncan Road, Round Temple and Pydhonie and saw the police and military dispositions in the various localities.

They also spoke to the residents in many areas about the situation in these places and urged them to take active part in preventing stone-throwing and acid throwing, looting arson and stabbing in their own areas.

In one place, the party climbed to the top of the roof of a religious place and saw the damage caused to the roof tiles by stone-throwing in the neighbourhood.

## Kolaba Situation Improves

BOMBAY, Nov. 5 (API).—More incidents occurring in Kolaba District in the last few days are reported in a press note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay.

"In an incident in Kolad on October 30, one person died of a stab-wound, and five others were injured in an attack on passengers in a motor bus," says the press note.

"Sixteen persons received bullet wounds in a firing incident in Nagothna on October 31st. Among those who used firearms was a Government servant. Two persons were killed in another incident.

"On the morning of Saturday, November 2, a communal incident occurred in Gandha, in Pen Taluka of Kolaba District, as a result of which 13 persons were killed and ten others were injured. Several houses were burnt down. Large numbers of extra police have been rushed to the district. It is understood that the situation is much easier now. No incident has been reported since the morning of November 2nd."

## Stabbing In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 5. (A.P.I.): One more stabbing incident in the city was reported this afternoon.

Police opened fire this evening when stones and acid were thrown on the members of the Civic Volunteers Corps posted at one place, but no one was injured. Three persons were arrested in this connection.

**MODIFIED CURFEW AT ALLAHABAD**

ALLAHABAD, November 5. (A.P.I.): One man was stabbed on the Zero road this morning. He has been admitted in the Colvin Hospital, but for this incident the 'Id' prayers passed off peacefully

The incident has caused tension in the city and a large number of shops have been closed. A number of persons have been arrested in connection with the incident.

The curfew has now been modified to operate between nine p. m. and six a. m.

**BHAGALPUR QUIET**

BHAGALPUR, November 5. (A.P.I.): The situation in Bhagalpur is quiet now, but communal incidents have been reported from Banka and Godda sub-divisions. A number of shops are reported to have been looted in Banka area.

# GANDHIJI RESOLVES TO "FAST UNTO DEATH"

(Continued from Page 1.)

minimum standards of civilised behaviour shall have to be observed. If you observe restraint so far as comments and headlines are concerned, I think it would go a long way to help us in restoring normal peaceful atmosphere"

## League Delegation For Bihar

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5 (UPI) The Executive Council of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League yesterday decided that a Muslim League Delegation consisting of Khwaja Nazimuddin, Mr. Abdul Hashem, Secretary of the Provincial League Mr. S. M. Osman, Calcutta Mayor, Mr. Fazlur Rahman and Dr. A. M. Kalek, should start for Bihar on November 6 or 7 to enquire into the situation there.

The Council sanctioned Rs. 5,000 for the Bihar Relief Fund.

It has been decided that Mr. Hamidul Huq Choudhury should immediately proceed to Noakhali and Tipperah districts.

The Council requested the Government to open a relief camp at Asansol for the Bihar refugees.

# U.S. REPUBLICANS EXPECT VICTORY

## European Capitals Await Results With Anxiety

LONDON, Nov. 5 (APA).—European capitals awaited today's U.S. election with varying degrees of anxiety over the right or left swing that it might indicate.

Interest was keenest in France and Britain. The Paris press gave closing stages of the campaign more play than France's own approaching vote for a National Assembly, while most British newspapers printed long explanations of U.S politics.

In Rome, the Vatican newspaper "Osservatore Romano" headed a long non-committal dispatch "Lively Interest in U.S. Elections", but little public concern was manifested otherwise.

German newspapers of various political complexions predicted, as did the British, Republican Congressional gains but concluded there would be little effect on America's role in world affairs since foreign policy had been conducted recently on a bi-party basis.

"Whosoever wins, we need not be afraid that America will revert to isolationism" said the Berlin organ of the Social Democratic party, victor in the recent elections there.

Left and some middle-of-the-road British publications registered gloom at the prospect of a Republican victory. The liberal London Star said there were more reactionaries among Republicans than among Democrats and that "the progressives world will be relieved" if Democrats win.

Conservative papers joined the others in foreseeing confusion if a Democratic President had to serve with a Republican House of Representatives. There was much speculation about the effects of such a combination on America's role in world affairs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4 (Reuter).—President Harry Truman, who may from tomorrow face the almost insuperable task of running the United States in face of a hostile Congress which could nullify his every move, tonight maintained his unique silence in the great congressional election campaign.

He has not spoken once throughout the campaign which many political observers predict will end with a Republican conquest of the House of Representatives and possibly the Senate.

A heavy poll, perhaps 35,000,000, is predicted for tomorrow. The Republicans claim that it will be a protest vote against the Government's handling of reconversion problems.

The Democrats retort that it will be a protest against the Republican "hamstringing" of President Truman's domestic programme.

The President's fate lies in the results for fewer than 30 seats in the House of Representatives and ten in the Senate. For, the Republicans need only 26 gains out of 432 seats in the House to be contested tomorrow (Maine which votes early has already elected three Republicans) to win a majority. And the Democrats can afford to lose only 17 seats to lose it.

In the Senate, the Republicans must gain ten seats out of 34 tomorrow—Maine has elected the thirty-fifth Republican—and the Democrats can lose seven.

Meanwhile, here in New York, where left-wing groups are making a vigorous wind-up, former Secretary of Commerce Henry Wallace who left Government over the foreign policy issue, said, "If the Republicans triumph, the whole will take it as a sign that America has gone reactionary all over the world. The countries where there are needy millions will turn towards Russia for guidance."


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# Economic Dislocation In Russia Grim

## 7 Years May Be Required To Recoup From War Damages

LONDON, Nov. 4 (Reuter).—Russia's undoubted economic dislocation is illustrated by the fact that her 1946 budget could not be presented until mid-October, writes Sydney Gampell, Reuter's financial editor. Even in 1945, it was introduced in April and in 1944 and normal years, in January.

To cite this, however, as explaining Russia's absence from the London Economic Conference would be an "anti-climax." That absence is rather because the Soviet regards the projected international trade charter as irrelevant to her method of doing international trade unless and until a large credit from Washington on the one hand and compensatory changes in Russia's external policy on the other make it relevant.

Where dislocation shows up is in Russia's undoubted though elusive price inflation, which affects and reflects her desperate problem of repairing the appalling war damage, and in Generalissimo Stalin's reopening of the question of a United States loan.

The Soviet Finance Minister in his budget speech pointedly remarked on the "undefinable element of price inflation" and warned that reality of his estimates depended on whether the inflationary tendency could be stopped.

**7 YEARS TO RESTORE WAR DAMAGE**

It is plain enough from the estimates themselves. In Roubles, both revenue and expenditure are budgeted at almost double the 1940 figures. But the quantities are clearly smaller than in that year. Targets even for 1950 in the new 5-year plan are generally below the original (uncompleted) plan for 1942—11 per cent below for iron for example and, very significantly, no less than 27 per cent below for oil. Generalissimo Stalin has now piled on the agony by predicting five to seven years to restore the war damage.

The output in 1946 must thus certainly be below the 1940 level. Even without the budget estimates and Generalissimo Stalin's statement, that much could be deduced from the known and terrible devastation in the West.

**PRICES SOAR TOO HIGH**

The inescapable conclusion is that Russian prices have at least doubled since 1940 and what seems to be worrying the Finance Minister is whether they can be held even to that.

Russia seems to be at least fully sharing in the world wide post-war phase of lower industrial efficiency. In other countries that phase reflects wartime damage or dilapidation of machinery, and wartime deprivations or weariness of workers. It would be a miracle if Russia felt it no worse than the western countries considering that her damage and deprivations are so much worse than theirs.

In extreme cases, the Finance Minister says, the cost of production in various industries has exceeded planned prices by as much as 100 per cent.

These planned prices must themselves have been far about pre-war prices. The Soviet planned system is supposedly immune from fluctuations of supply and demand, but there really does seem to be a crisis of the rouble.

Relevant also is that in one matter in which Russia states her national income in internationally known money, namely when it comes to the question of paying out for contributions to UNO, UNRRA and similar bodies, she parades it as only one-fifth of that of the United States despite the latter's smaller population.

Between the two wars, Russia "starved herself great" the hard way. It is not easy to do so twice in a life time to the extent that the Russians did it.

**THE PROBLEM**

Considering what they have gone through not merely since 1941 but since 1914, and considering their enormous needs for rehabilitation and, no less, stark living standards, it is small wonder that Generalissimo Stalin's mention of a United States Loan—his first public mention it—raises the question whether it is necessary for her again to do it the hard way with its attendant hard face to the outside world—or whether it would not be worth her while to ease her task by politico-economic collaboration with the West.

# *Bacteria "Bugs" To Aid Uncle Sam!*

## Poison Cubes May Dwarf Atom Bombs, Says U. S. War Department

NEW YORK, (By Air Mail) (U. P. A.): If world war III comes, you may die of a mysterious stomach ache, still worried over the atomic bomb.

Or, even if you live, the war may be half-ended before you are fully aware it has started.

"Few people realise it", a Manhattan bacteriologist said to-day. "But biological and bacteriological warfare has developed just as, fast and fully as the atomic side of it."

The war department recently revealed that it had developed a poison so powerful that one tiny cube could wipe out the combined populations of Canada and the United States.

That's only the beginning, the bacteriologists say, and many insist—as of now—the bugs could win over the bombs, if the attack were worked just right. The enemy, at present, may be slugged by either a bacteria or a virus.

Botulismus Toxin (which is your old foe, food poison) may be purified and concentrated into a powertul force which would go a long way toward knocking out an entire population.

"Any enemy agent could carry the necessary supply in his pocket", a bacteriologist explained. "He would have two focal points of attach—the water and milk supply. If he missed one, he might connect with the other."

In the use of bacteriological poisons, however, some experts believe it would prove a hit-or-miss affair unless the enemy agent went around jabbing all his victims with hypodermics.

"It's too unstable", they said, "and doesn't keep its strength very long".

But if bacteria fails, a virus could be used such as influenza.

"During the past fifteen years we have developed the culture of virus organisms to such a fine degree", a bacteriologist said. That we could easily give in entire nation influenza, or Japanese fever.

"Virus organisms would be easier to handle in attacking a country because they are spread through the nose and throat, while bacteria usually must be taken internally to be effective.

"We wouldn't even worry about killing all the people. That wouldn't be necessary. All we'd need to do is to make them sick."

He said that virus organisms could be spread silently through a city with a common hand spray, and no one would be the wiser.

In a war against the bugs, you couldn't even be certain just which country was attacking you.

# *Poona Ban On Slogans*

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Nov. 4.

A ban against shouting political slogans or slogans likely to embitter communal feelings, singing of such songs, delivery of such lectures or harangues or exhibition or dissemination of pictures, symbols, placards or any other object or thing which is likely to inflame religious animosity or hostility between different communities has been enforced by Mr. V. T. Dehejia, District Magistrate, Poona, this evening. The order will remain in force for a fortnight and will apply to the City, Suburban Cantonment and Kirkee areas.

## Strangled Bodies Of Soldier And German Girl Found

FRANKFORT, Nov. 4, (U.P.A.): Third Army officials said today that the bodies of a 26th Infantry Regiment soldier and a 21-year-old German women from Alsace-Lorraine were found in a Nuremberg cellar yesterday.

Hospital attendants who removed the bodies from the cellar said they apparently had been strangled. It was believed they had been dead three days The soldier's name was withheld pending notification of next of kin.

# *Vatican-Maronite Bishop Clash*

BEIRUT, Nov. 5. (Reuter). Bishop Hanna Hajj, Maronite Metropolitan of Damascus, called out troops to restore order after an official acting on behalf of the Papal Legate in Beirut had been attacked by the villagers of Ashkout, seat of the Bishop's palace, it was learned here to-day.

The incident was stated to be a sequel to an order from the Vatican removing Bishop Hajj from his See and calling him to Rome for trial. Bishop Hajj was said to have replied that he could obey only orders of the Maronite Patriarch, Arida.

A delegate of the Papal Legate visited Ashkout to seal up the rooms of the Episcopal Palace, it was reported here, but the villagers broke in and removed the seals and then attacked him.

The Maronites, an ancient Syrian Christian body, are one of the Uniate churches which are in obedience to the See of Rome but retain their own non-Latin liturgy. Maronite priests are permitted to marry. There are 335,000 Maronites in the Lebanon.

## JAWAHAR TO OPEN HINDUSTAN SCOUT MELA

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Nov. 3

Large-scale preparations are now in progress for the All-India Hindustan Scouts Mela to be held here during the Christmas holidays under the presidentship of Pandit H. N. Kunzru. It is now learnt that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru will inaugurate the Mela.

About 5,000 scouts from all over India are expected to attend this Mela and the Army authorities have promised the loan of their tents and other material for the occasion. The Karachi Municipal Corporation has also voted a special grant of Rs. 10,000 for the Mela.

## *ARAKANESE DEMAND AMALGAMATION WITH BURMA*

RANGOON, Nov. 5 (APA): A resolution demanding the amalgamation of the Arakan Hill tracts with Burma proper "in view of the identity of customs, religion and culture" of the two areas was adopted at a meeting of Arakanese held recently at Paletwa near the Indo-Burma border.

Fourteen village chiefs attended the meeting which also resolved that the people of the Arakan should work along with the Burmese, for attaining political freedom.

## *FILM STAR MURDERED*

LAHORE, Nov. 4, (A.P.I.): The Royal Park known as the Hollywood of Lahore was the scene yesterday of a murder, the victim being film star, Mary Betise Dean.

The alleged assailant, Arthur Jid, who described himself as a Rationing Supervisor from Multan appeared at the police station seven hours after the incident and made a confession.

It is reported that the deceased who was the niece of the alleged assailant escaped from her fathers house and joined a film company. The assailant who followed her tried to persuade her to give up the new job but she did not listen to him. This enraged the assailant who fatally stabbed her with a knife while she was fast asleep in her flat after night-shooting at the studio

## Paris Election Fracas

PARIS, Nov. 4 (Reuter): More than a thousand people stormed the platform tonight at Paris election meeting which ended in a free fight. M. Rene Capitant, leader of Gaullist union aroused the anger of the crowd when he said: "France's salvation will come not from parties but from Gen. de Gaulle."

M. Capitant at first succeeded in shouting his opponents down. He stated that the United States was the only industrial nation capable of helping France and favoured a United States alliance to "counter Russian imperialism".

NEW DELHI, Nov. 4. (API): Mr Jagjivan Ram, Labour Member, is indisposed and is confined to bed for the last two days.

## Morrison Says Risk Of War Is Grave

LONDON, Nov. 5 (A.P.A.): Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, declared last night that the risk of war "is grave" unless the United States, Russia and Great Britain "stand together in full understanding and active co-operation to maintain world peace."

"If one breaks away and the remaining two, with other smaller nations, combine against it—that way lies the risk of another world war. The problem is how can we curb now the forces making for another world war without allowing them to bring about another blood bath," said Morrisen in a speech prepared for delivery to the United Nations Assqciation at the Lewisham townhall.

He added that trade between nations was the only possible basis of a prosperous and safe world.

# *American Dollar Finance For Jewish Smuggling Ships*

By Carter Davidson A.P.A. Staff Correspondent.

JERUSALEM, Nov. 5. (A.P.A.): At least 100 ships, many paid for with American funds, had been bought by Jewish underground movements to carry refugee immigrants to Palestine from Southern European ports, naval intelligence officers disclosed in Jerusalem to-day.

The officers said that the ships, most of them unseaworthy, had been bought for refugee traffic and were "lying in waiting in Southern European ports."

The methods of halting shipments of refugees will be discussed in Malta this week by naval authorities under the Commander-in-Chief of the Mediterranean Fleet, Admiral Sir Algernon Willis, in consultation with the Palestine police.

"Our reports," said an intelligence officer, "say that these ships have been bought up, and we find many of them paid for by funds subscribed in America, and held in readiness to ship Jewish refugees to Palestine."

The main spots, the officer said, were Marseilles, Genoa, Trieste and Piraeus (the port of Athens), and added "some of these ships are death trap caques and schooners bought from junk yards, but there are a few converted corvettes, sloops and Hungarian river gunboats."

"We have uncovered instances in which they are promised five pounds a head when they sail, and are promised the same amount or more if they can land passengers successfully on Palestine Shores," the officer said.

Referring to the 'San Dimitrio', which arrived in Palestine waters last week, the officer said, "the Spanish master of the ship was in radio communication throughout the voyage with a clandestine station in Palestine apparently waiting for instructions as to where his ship was to be beached.

Five officers of the Palestine police criminal investigation division flew to Rome yesterday to help investigate the British embassy lasting there alleged to have been instituted by the Jewish movement Irgun Zvai Leumi. They were expected to join the conference in Malta this week under Admiral Sir Algernon Willis.

## BYRNES TO TACKLE PALESTINE PROBLEM

NEW YORK, Nov. 5 (APA). United States Secretary of State, James F. Byrnes, last night notified the British Foreign Secretary, Ernest Bevin, that he is taking over the handling of the Palestine problem from President Truman and indicated a new American willingness to help Britain work out with the Jews and Arabs a solution to the problem of the Holy Land.

Byrnes, who conferred with Bevin prior to the opening of the Foreign Ministers' Conference, discussed briefly the merger of the British and American occupation zones in Germany and considered the Palestine issue.

Byrnes' Press Officer said Byrnes desired to present direct to Bevin, President Truman's view and see whether the United States can contribute to the solution.

## "BRITISH OPPRESSION IN LANDS OUTSIDE PALESTINE"

ROME, Nov. 4, (Reuter): A communique purporting to come from the Jewish terrorist organisation Irgun Zvai Leumi and admitting the responsibility for damaging by bombs the British Embassy in Rome on Thursday has been received by American newspaper correspondents here today.

The document itself which was sent through the post was undated but the envelope bore the Rome postal stamp and the date November 2.

The communique said that the bomb attack on the British Embassy marked the opening of a "Jewish military front" against what was described as British oppression in lands outside Palestine."

KARACHI, Nov. 5, (API): Six persons were killed by a gang of five armed Hurs raiding the village of Shahpore in Sukkur District yesterday. The police proceeded to the village immediately on receipt of information.

## BHAVNAGAR-BOMBAY RE-CONNECTED BY AIR SERVICE

(From A Correspondent.)

The Air Services of India Ltd. started another Service by connecting Bhavnagar with Bombay and other important Air-Centres of India on Monday the 28th October. H. H. Maharaja Saheb Colonel Krishna Kumarsinghji inaugurated the service by performing the ceremony in the presence of a distinguished gathering consisting of H. H. the Manarani, Mr. A. P. Pattani, Dewan of Bhavnagar, Smt. Sumatiben Shantikumar Morarji, Sjt. Gaganvihari L. Mehta, Sjt. N. C. Mehta, Sjt. Kishor Manecklal and several important state officials.

Mr. Pandya thanked His Highness, welcomed the guests and expressed his pleasure in re-establishing old and friendly connections with the Bhavnagar State through the Air Service. He assured them that although at present there would be a tri-weekly service with Rapides, the Company hoped to run a daily service with Dakotas in the near future.

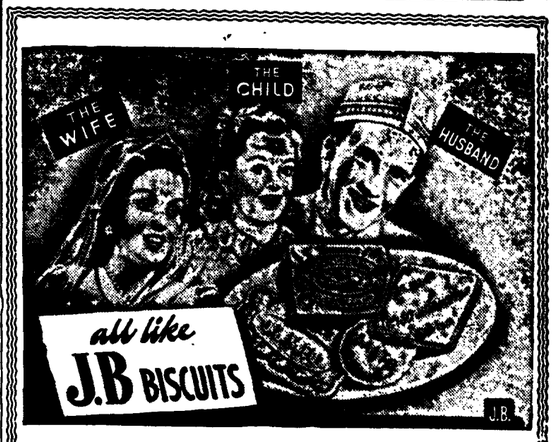
Performing the inauguration ceremony in Indian style by breaking a coconaut, the Maharaja congratulated the Company on the resumption of the service and wished the Services all success. Mr. Pattani, Dewan, also thanked the Company and expressed the hope that the services would be operated twice a day in Bhavnagar. Sjt. L. Mehta thanked the Maharaja and Maharani for their presence and for inauguration of the service and stated that every Bhavnagari wherever residing would feel glad by the operation of this service which would bring Bombay and Bhavnagar nearer.

**MAIDEN FLIGHT TO DELHI**

After this, up went the Dakota carrying the Maharaja to Delhi on its maiden flight, after which the guests were treated with joy flights and light refreshments. This resumed Service will enable the State subjects residing in Bombay to fly to Bhavnagar on every Monday Thursday and Saturday in about 100 minutes instead of 24 hours' journey by railway. Charter service, in emergency, for any place in Kathiawar or to Bombay are also available from Jamnagar.

**PATIENT BROUGHT BY AIR**

An unique service was rendered by the D. H. Rapide of the Air Services of India Ltd. in bringing a sick patient from Porbander to Juhu in a little less than four hours. The patient and the attendants arrived in comfort. An ambulance car was specially arranged for the patient to be carried to a city hospital Within five minutes of the arrival of the plane, the patient was removed from the airport.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# AMBEDKAR MEETS CHURCHILL

LONDON, Nov. 4 (Reuter). Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, the Scheduled Castes leader told Reuters today that he had expressed his views for separate representation of Depressed Classes in the Provisional Government to Mr. Winston Churchill, leader of the British Conservative Party.

The meeting, he said, took place at Mr. Churchill's country home at Westerham, Kent, where he had lunch and spend the best part of the day with the war leader.

"I found Mr. Churchill very sympathetic", he said.

## CANADA RUSHES GOODS TO INDIA

### Newsprint, Foodstuffs And Auto Parts Rush-Loaded

MONTREAL, Nov. 4 (Reuter) Newsprint foodstuffs and motor car parts are being rush-loaded on the last two ships leaving here for India before the port closes for navigation.

The "Tapti" sails on Friday and "Samconstant" on November 16. Both are due to call at Bombay, Karachi, Madras Calcutta and Colombo.

## MADRAS TO NATIONALISE BUS TRANSPORT

MADRAS, Nov. 4. (API): The Government of Madras it is learnt, have decided to nationalise the bus transport services in the province. A sub-committee of the cabinet, it is stated has been appointed to consider the question in all its bearings and report to the Government.

MADRAS, Nov. 4, (A. P. I.): General elections to district boards and municipal councils in the province due to be held next month have been postponed indefinitely.

The Government decided to postpone the elections, it is stated, in view of the present situation and the need for maintaining a calm atmosphere in the country.

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# *Kher And Desai Meet City Editors*

## Suggest Ways To Restore Normal Life In Country

BOMBAY, Nov. 5 Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, made an appeal to newspapers to exercise the same voluntary restraint when publishing news of disturbances from outside the Bombay province as they did in the case of events in Bombay.

He addressed this appeal to the chief editors of newspapers and news agencies who assembled at the Secretariat on Monday at an informal private Conference in response to an invitation from the Premier and the Home Minister.

Mr. Morarji Desai, the Home Minister, was also present and took part in the proceedings.

**ENABLE PUBLIC LIVE IN PEACE**

Their first and foremost duty, the Premier said, was to enable the public to carry on its vocations in a normal and peaceful atmosphere and here the press had a higher duty to perform

He complimented the Bombay newspapers on the way in which they had so far handled news of the local disturbances and appealed to them to follow the same policy while publishing news of events happening outside Bombay. Truth, he declared, must not be concealed; but, baseless rumour and misrepresentation must not gain currency, he urged.

Mr. Kher made a reference to the appeal issued by the Members of the Interim Government, and put in a plea for co-operation in launching the Government's home guards scheme which would come into operation very soon.

The Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, referred to the editors' own convention of omitting the names of communities and more specific mention of the places of incidents and expressed his opinion that in the interest of law and order, observance of this convention had better continue. As regards action against certain newspapers he pointed out that in most of the cases the question had been referred to the Press Advisory Committee and on very rare occasions there had been any disagreement between the Committee and the Government.

A number of suggestions were put forward by the editors. The Home Minister accepted the suggestions about giving to the press more frequently the number of persons arrested in connection with the stabbing and other incidents. The Premier, referring to another suggestion, said that indiscriminate arrests, if there were any, would automatically stop with the setting up of Ward Committees to help the police authorities.

**PRESS CAN HELP BETTER**

Answering a query as to whether the Ministers' appeals were having any effect, the Home Minister expressed the opinion that appeals like the present one produced on the whole a welcome effect and a progressive change could be noticed. Elucidating this point further he said that he was in favour of the democratic way of appealing to the press rather than taking any action which smacked of autocracy.

The spokesmen of the newspaper editors present offered their wholehearted co-operation to the Government in restoring peaceful conditions in the city.

# *Italian Protest To 'Big Four'*

NEW YORK, Nov. 5 (Reuter): The only decision the 'Big Four' Foreign Ministers arived at last night at the Walford Astoria Hotel here when they discussed the Italian Peace Treaty was to invite Italian and Yugoslav representatives to attend a meeting on this question.

The Foreign Ministers will meet again at 20-30 hours (G.M.T.) today (2 A.M. I.S.T.) Wednesday).

Before the Foreign Ministers—Mr. James F. Byrnes (United States), M. Vyacheslav Molotov (Soviet Union), Mr. Ernest Bevin (Britain) and M. Couve de Murville (French Foreign Couve de Murville (French Foreign Minister, M. Georges Bidault's Deputy) —met yesterday an official Note protesting against certain terms of the Draft Treaty with Italy was presented to each of them by the Italian Government. The Note said that the Treaty was not in keeping with the Atlantic Charter principles, stressed the burden of reparations and raised certain objections to the proposed new Italian frontiers.

In going straight into discussion of the Italian Treaty the Ministers who were in session for four hours, took up the peace settlement where the Paris Conference left it.

The proposal of Mr. Byrnes for a discussion of the Italian Treaty first was the first business.

The Foreign Ministers agreed to discuss the following questions: Firstly, the Italian Treaty;

Secondly, the rights of people in ceded territories;

Thirdly, reparations for Albania, Abyssinia, Yugoslavia and Greece;

Fourthly, the Italian-Austrian Agreement on frontier revision.

In discussion on the Italian Treaty Mr. Bevin and Mr. Byrnes both opposed the reopening of the question of the Italian-Yugoslav border as suggested by M. Molotov. No decision was reached on this point which was the subject of a long discussion.

M. Molotov opposed the discussion of the Italian-Austrian Bilateral Frontier Traffic Agreement which he called "irrelevant." No decision was taken on this point.

M. Molotov also opposed the including of provisions covering "fundamental human rights" in Treaty Clauses covering populations in ceded territories.

On reparations M. Molotov demanded that Yugoslavia should receive double the amount given to Greece. This was strongly opposed by Mr. Bevin who said that Greece was "the victim of an unprovoked attack."

## *Nizam Govt. Repudiate False Rumours*

HYDERABAD, Nov. 4, (A. P. I.): A press note issued by H. E. H. Nizam's Government contradicts "wild rumours which are being circulated to the effect that communal tension is heightening in certain parts of the state".

There is absolutely no basis for these rumours and no cause for alarm the note says and adds though no untoward happenings are apprehended Government have taken all necessary measures to meet any emergency which may arise. The public are advised to discountenance all such rumours and are requested to concentrate their efforts on the maintenance of peace and communal harmony."

# U.N.O. BUDGET UNDER FIRE

## Secretary-General Denies Soviet Charge: Indian Delegation's Attitude

LAKE SUCCESS, NEW YORK, Nov 5 (Reuter).—The Indian Delegate to the United Nations General Assembly, Nawab Ali Yavar Jung, told the Administrative Budgetary Committee last night: "I have many remarks to make from the point of view of the Indian Delegation both with regard to the budget submitted by the Secretary-General and with regard to the report presented by him on the working of the organisation."

The Committee was discussing the criticism by the Soviet representative M. Fedor Gusev of alleged reckless spending by the United Nations Secretariat.

The Indian Delegate continued: "I think, however, it would be unfair to the Secretary-General if we were to proceed with the general debate on the question either of the budget or the working of the organisation without giving the Secretary-General an opportunity to present to this Committee certain explanations in the light of criticisms made by the delegate from the Soviet Union.

"One may or may not be in entire agreement with these criticisms, but I think they are of sufficient importance in the light of the general tendency of observing economy in this organisation to merit consideration. It is obvious that such consideration could not be given without having first a clear explanation and elucidation from the Secretary-General himself."

The Secretary-General, M. Trygve Lie, denied M. Gusev's charge saying "Millions of Dollars" have been saved by the United Nations by property agreements reached with the United States Government and the City of New York. "I do not think it is necessary at this time to go into the budget."

When the general debate on the United Nations budget estimates open in Committee tomorrow the Speakers will include delegates from India, France, the Netherlands, Belgium and Australia.

**TRYGVE LIE'S DEFENCE.**

The Associated Press of America adds:

Defending his administration against Soviet charges of extravagance, Trygve Lie, United Nations Secretary-General, declared here, last night, that the United Nations had saved 1,000,000 dollars through arrangements with the United States and New York city.

Lie told the administrative budget committee that he had been a cabinet minister in Norway for 11 years, where they "are very careful about money," and that the United Nations administrative budget, placed before the committee, was based on that cabinet experience.

If the current arrangements were not in effect, he said, "we would have to pay millions more" to get facilities, adding, "think of the cost if we had to build this building." He was referring to the reconverted war factory where the Secretariat works.

**INTERNATIONAL COURT.**

The Committee's Chairman, Faris El-Khoury (Syria), appointed representatives of the "Big Five" and of South Africa to a special committee to meet a group from the Legal Committee in order to discuss recommendations concerning the International Court of Justice.

After the Mexican, Brazilian and Honduras representatives had objected saying that the small nations, as well as the big powers, also had good technical experts, the United States delegate withdrew and the Netherlands was substituted.

# *U. S.-CHINA SIGN COMMERCIAL TREATY*

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—The United States and China today signed in Nanking the first post-war comprehensive commercial treaty to be signed by either Government. The text of this treaty of friendship, commerce and navigation was released here by the State Department.

The treaty is based in general on the principle of mutuality. It replaces the earlier U.S.-China treaties of peace, amity and commerce, dating back to 1844, which have served as the basis of cordial U.S and Chinese relations for a century. Developments in recent years, particularly relinquishment by the United States and other countries of extra-territorial rights in China and changes in international economic and commercial practices, led to the new treaty.

The treaty is somewhat broader in scope than the existing U.S. commercial treaties with respect to rights for corporations. It includes articles relating to establishment, land holding, and industrial property; commercial articles similar in principle to the general provisions of recent trade agreements; and more detailed coverage of exchange control, activities of Government monopolies and other matters.

Certain sections of the treaty refer directly or indirectly to United Nations organs and programmes. Article 28 states that any dispute between the two governments "as to interpretation or application of this treaty, which the high contracting parties cannot satisfactorily adjust by diplomacy, shall be submitted to the International Court of Justice" unless the contracting parties shall agree to settlement by some other pacific means.

Article 26 states in part that nothing in the treaty shall be construed to prevent adoption or enforcement of measures imposing exchange restrictions in conformity with the articles of agreement of the International Monetary Fund so long as the party imposing the restrictions is a member of the Fund. Similar stipulation is made in relation to adoption or enforcement of measures involving maintenance of international peace and security.

**EXPANDING INTERNATIONAL TRADE**

It is also stated, in Article 15, that the two governments "reaffirm their adherence to a programme of purposes and policies, open to participation by all other countries of like mind, designed to bring about expansion of international trade on a broad basis, and directed to the elimination of all forms of discriminatory treatment and monopolistic restrictions in international commerce."

The treaty will supersede the existing treaties between the United States and China relating to establishment, commerce and navigation, but will not limit or restrict the rights, privileges and advantages accorded by the treaty for relinquishment of extra-territorial rights in China and regulation of related matters and accompanying exchange of notes between the two countries signed at Washington in January, 1943.

To become effective, the treaty must be approved by the U.S. Senate and the Legislative Yuan and it will enter into force on the day of exchange of ratifications. It will continue in force for at least five years and thereafter until one year from the date on which either party gives notice of intention to terminate the treaty.

Signatories to the treaty were:

For the United States: J. Leighton Stuart, Ambassador to China, and Robert Lacy Smyth, Special Commissioner and Consul General at Tientsin:

For China: Minister for Foreign Affairs Dr. Wang Shih-chiev, and Dr. Wang Hua-cheng, Director of the Treaty Department of Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

## *LONDON RUBBER MARKET REOPENS*

LONDON, Nov. 4, (Reuter): Government has decided to restore private trading in rubber and to permit re-establishment of the London Rubber Market. This was announced in the House of Commons today by the Secretary for Overseas Trade, Prof. H. A. Marquan.

The market will be free to resume its normal activities on November 18.

This will enable traders to import rubber as from January 1, at which date, the Board of Trade will cease to purchase rubber.

# LOANS BOOM U. S. EXPORTS

WASHINGTON, (Reuter): Over 15 per cent of American exports bought in the next twelve months are expected to be paid for in dollars originally extended in the form of loans to foreign countries by the U. S. Export Import Bank. This is a measure of the boost given the nation's overseas trade by the foreign lending programme conducted by the United States Government since the end of the war.

In a very short time some 2,200,000,000 dollars (approx. £550,000,000) worth of American goods will have been bought in this way to revive war-shattered economies. The increasing pace of these purchases is illustrated by the fact that in the second half of 1945 they accounted for only 59,000,000 dollars (about £14,750,000) whereas in the first half of this year 500,000,000 dollars (about £125,000,000) was thus expended.

Nor are these figures complete, since the British loan—separately negotiated and approved by Congress—is not so closely checked in its disposal by the U. S. authorities and British officials are only guardedly giving out details of its expenditure.

Private interests are anxious to take over the foreign lending so far handled almost exclusively by Government agencies, since it is expected that the need for similar types of credits will continue over the next five years. A committee of private businessmen has been appointed by President Truman to study the problems of assuming this responsibility, and it is hoped that eventually foreign loans by the Export Import bank will be confined solely to cases not suitable for private initiative for one reason or another.

The anxiety of private banks to take over what at one time might have been thought to be "bad risks" is explained by analysis of reports of the export import bank showing just how the money is being spent.

France, Belgium, and the Netherlands have been promised 655,000,000 dollars (about £163,750,000) for food clothing, transport, equipment, industrial machinery and other supplies requested under Lend-Lease but not ordered before that programme ended.

Food, animal feed, coal and oil, raw materials and industrial equipment worth 585,000,000 dollars (about £146,250,000) are scheduled to go to Belgium, Denmark, Norway, Wirland, the Netherlands, and the Dutch Indies.

Transport vehicles and repair equipment costing 381,000,000 dollars (about £95,250,000) have been ordered under the loans granted France, China, Greece, Poland, and several Latin American countries Included are locomotives, planes, cargo vessels, coal cars and highway construction equipment.

A total of 143,000,000 dollars (about £35,750,000, has been set aside for purchase of raw cotton by several European countries and China. Machine from the United States, the largest portion being destined for France. Some of these, however, are tools declared surplus by the army and navy.

Farm implements and machinery account for 553,000,000 dollars (about £146,250,000) of the Export Import Bank's loan programme, most of which will be paid out of the recent 650,000,000 dollars (about £162,500,000) credit extended to France.

Steel and steel mill equipment worth 58,000,000 dollars (about £14,500,000) is due to go to France and Chile, 46,000,000 dollars (about £11,500,000) worth of electrical equipment to various countries, while other major categories of orders include 36,000,000 dollars for mining and chemical equipment, 33,000,000 dollars (about £8,250,000) for construction equipment and 11,000,000 dollars (about £2,750,000) for power plants and waterworks.

The Exports Import lending programme is, however, by no means over. The present administration hopes to win an additional 1,125,000,000 dollars (about £361,170,000) worth of capital for the bank from Congress during the next session, most of which is already, if not officially committed, at least allotted in the minds of those officials who decide what loans are most beneficial to the interests of the United States.

Parallel with these operations, private investors and commercial Banks will be given an increasing chance to partake in what is obviously a lucrative field of investment. Countries with "good credit" will be the first to get loans from these private sources, a fact illustrated by Holland being the first Government allowed to float its own bond issue in the United States since the end of war.

**NEW YORK COTTON.**
New York, Nov. 4.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 31.83 |
| January | 31.59 |
| March | 31.46 |
| May | 31.13 |
| July | 30.07 |
| October | 27.09 |
| Middling Spot | 32.58 |

**NEW ORLEANS COTTON.**
New York, Nov. 4.

| | |
|---|---|
| December | 31.85 |
| March | 31.47 |
| May | 30.99 |
| July | 29.96 |
| Middling Spot | 31.80 |

**CHICAGO WHEAT.**
CHICAGO, Nov. 4

January 2.09-1/4 to 2.09-1/4.
March 2.01-3/4 to 2.01-3/4.
May 1.95 bid.

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.**
NEW YORK, Nov. 4.

| | |
|---|---|
| American Telephone and Telegraph | 168-1/4 |
| Amerex Holding Co. | 34-1/2 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 39-1/4 |
| Chase National Bank | 37-3/4 |
| Sinclair Oil | 16-1/8 |
| Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co | 60-3/4 |
| General Electric | 37-3/4 |
| General Motors | 53-3/4 |
| Ingersol Rand bid | 117 |
| International Nickel | 30-5/8 |
| National City Bank of New York | 41-7/8 |
| New York Central Rail Road Co. | 17-3/8 |
| Socony Vacuum Corporation | 14-5/8 |
| Texas Corporation | 58-3/4 |
| Union Carbon and Carbide | 94-1/4 |
| U. S. Smelting Refining Mining | 44-1/8 |
| U. S. Steel Corporation Common | 74-1/2 |
| Western Union Telegraph | 22-1/8 |

**NEW YORK SILVER.**
New York, Nov. 4.

United States price of Foreign Silver 90-1/8.

**LONDON BULLION.**
London, Nov. 4.

London Silver Spot and Forward 55-1/2. London Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

**LONDON WHEAT.**
London, Nov. 4.

Australian Wheat (Bulk) 77/6 Nov.-Dec. nominal.

**LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.**
London, Nov. 4.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Consols 2-1/2 p o | 99-7/16 |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p o 1961 | 114-3/4 |
| War Loan 3-1/2 p o 1952 and further | 107-13/16 |
| Funding Loan 4 p.c 1960/90 | 120 |
| Victory Bonds 4 p o | 122-3/8 |
| Chartered Bank of I. A. and China | 11-11/16 |
| Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.) | 84-1/2 |
| National Bank of India | 38-1/2 |

# DEPRESSION COMING, WARNS WALLACE

NEW YORK, Nov. 4 (U.P.A.): Former Secretary of Commerce Henry A. Wallace today warned that "there's depression coming, folks, and it cannot be too strongly emphasized."

"If control of the House of Representatives passes to the Republicans in 1946 employment will be neutralized," Wallace asserted. "People overseas then will be swept toward Communism and later toward reaction and perhaps Fascism."

At a luncheon closing the election campaign by the National Citizens Political Action Committee, Wallace and other speakers hinted broadly they would lead in the formation of a third party if "progressive" Democratic candidates were defeated in Tuesday's election.

Wallace said that after his resignation as Secretary of Commerce he felt he was a "free man" and added "but I will feel even freer on November 6th. Today I am discharging the duties I am obligated to discharge but on November 6th it will be different." "No matter how the election comes out", Wallace continued, "November 6th will be a day of political rebirth."

"Don't get me wrong," Wallace said, "I do not mean we are going to form a third party on that date but there will be a resurgence of political action that day. There is a feeling of frustration among progressives not only in New York State but throughout the country."

Meanwhile, Senator Claude E. Pepper, speaking elsewhere, urged the people not to "turn your backs" on the late President Roosevelt. "The spiritual eyes of this great saviour and emancipator will be looking inside the ballot boxes tomorrow to see how you mark your ballots"

# *STEEP RISE IN COST OF LIVING*

COLOMBO, (By Air Mail) (U.P.I.): The anticipated rise in the cost of living index for September has occurred, but the increase on the figure to the unprecedented number of 223 is causing grave anxiety owing to the possible repercussions.

The cost of living index for September is 12 points higher than that for the corresponding month last year. Every increase of 4 points in the cost of living index number costs the Government an extra Rs. 250,000 a month as war allowances.

The increase in the cost of living index number for September is stated to be due to the increase in almost all the sub-groups on which the cost is calculated, such as food, fuel and light, clothing and the "miscellaneous" group.

## GREAT INDUSTRIAL FUTURE AWAITS INDIA

TORONTO, Nov. 4, (Reuter): A great industrial future for India within 15 years was predicted by Rai Bahadur Lala Ajudhia Nath Khosla, consulting engineer to the Government of India, when he announced today plans for the construction of the Kosi Dam in Nepal—which he described as the largest power project in the world.

Negotiations were now being completed with the Government of Nepal, Khosla said. He expected to return to India on November 11 to start preliminary work at the dam site construction which would be well under way within two years.

The dam would be constructed on the Kosi river and would rise to 850 feet above the foundation rock in all 120 feet higher than the boulder dam in Colorado. It was destined to improve living conditions of India's teeming millions.

Khosla also announced plans for the construction of a dam on the Mahandi River which flows through what he described as the most backward portion in India where disease is rampant.

He saw a "new deal" for India's "Little Man". The projects, he said, would provide cheap power, extended irrigation and extended navigation.

## Bread Famine In Hamburg

HAMBURG, Nov. 4, (Reuter): An official of the Hamburg Bakers Guild said today that the city's bakers had only enough flour for a week's supply of bread owing to non-arrival of grain ships from the United States

A number of bakers have already closed down owing to the shortage of supplies.


# DISPOSALS

The Regional Commissioner Disposals (Southern Circle) Bombay, invites tenders for the purchase and removal of the following two Naval Crafts in scrap condition:

| | |
|---|---|
| (1) H.M.I.S. "LAWRENCE" | Built in 1919 |
| Length O—A | 248'—0" |
| " B—P | 225'—0" |
| Beam | 34'—0" |
| Draft Fore | 11'—6" |
| Aft | 12'—6" |
| Engines | Parsons steam Turbine with double helical single reduction gearing. |
| Boilers | Water Tube Bab-Cock Wilcox |
| (2): H.M.I.S. "CLIVE" | Built in 1920 |
| Length O—A | 262'—3" |
| " B—P | 240'—0" |
| Beam | 38'—6" |
| Draft Fore | 12'—3" |
| Aft | 14'—6" |
| Engines | Parsons steam Turbine with double helical single reduction gearing. |
| Boilers | Water Tube Babcock Wilcox. |

The above crafts are lying at Bombay and can be inspected at site on production of a permit available from this office and will be sold in their present condition and delivery will be ex site but crafts may remain in the Government Custody for a maximum of 21 days from date of sale and thereafter at entire risk and responsibility of the purchaser.

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE Tender No. RCS/1298/NCS.

LAST DATE DUE: By 4 p.m. on 29th November 1946.

OFFERS should be sent to this office and should remain open for acceptance for a period of 30 days thereafter but Government expect to decide tenders earlier.

Tender forms may be obtained from this office or from the Regional Commissioner Disposals, Calcutta, Lahore, and Cawnpore and their Branch Offices at Madras and Karachi, and the Directorate General of Disposals, New Delhi, against payment of Tender Fee of Rs. 8/- which must be deposited by cash or Money Order, and is not refundable. Cheques will not be accepted. Tenders must be enclosed in double covers, the inner being sealed and superscribed Tender No. RCS/1298/NCS.

EARNEST MONEY: Amounting to 10% of the value offered must be deposited in the Imperial/Reserve Bank/Government Treasury in favour of the Regional Commissioner Disposals (Southern Circle) Bombay, under head of Accounts "Revenue Deposits". Deposit receipts must accompany tenders. Deposit is refundable to unsuccessful tenderers. Cheques will not be accepted and may render the tender invalid.

Prices should be quoted for each of the crafts separately. Sales will be subject to conditions of contract laid down in CON/117 which may be seen at this office or at the above mentioned offices.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS
(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Tel: 30041 (5 lines)
DS/142.

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| | |
|---|---|
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| ISSUED CAPITAL | Rs. 5,25,00,000 |
| PAID UP CAPITAL | Rs. 2,61,67,500 |
| RESERVE & OTHER FUNDS | Rs. 3,05,56,660 |
| DEPOSITS AS AT 30-6-46 | Rs. 1,15,48,55,800 |

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MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Got Air Minded and Got the Air, So Back to the Cactus. By BUD FISHER

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**Wanted a Superintendent for** Shares Department at Rs. 200-10-300. One with experience of Public Limited Companies need only apply to Box No. 3825 "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted Qualified Nurses. Salary** according to qualifications, free uniform and meal and free lodging. Apply within one fortnight, stating age, qualifications, previous experience to Trustees, Sevashram Hospital—Broach. 399

**Wanted an Assistant in the Stock** Department of a Publishing House in Bombay. Persons with experience of similar post in other Publishing Houses need only apply to Box No. 3827 "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted a Planning Executive for** a Publishing House in Bombay. He must be eminent educationist well read and knowing all about educational and general books. Persons with foreign qualifications and experience in publishing will be preferred. Apply stating qualifications, experience and minimum pay acceptable to Box No. 3824 "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted immediately Gujarati** knowing Graduates and Undergraduates and a Physical Instructor, trained preferred. Apply personally between 8-10 A.M. to the Principal, Ramji Assar Vidyalaya, Ghatkopar. 3816

**Wanted an Accountant with ex**perience of maintaining accounts of a Publishing House. Salary Rs. 175-10-255. Apply stating experience to Box No. 3826 "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted a Publicity Executive for** a Publishing House in Bombay. Persons with experience of latest methods of Publicity Copywriting, Media etc., need apply. Salary according to qualifications and experience. Only really first class hands need apply stating minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 3828 "Bombay Chronicle".

**Wanted (1) a joint Editor for an** illustrated weekly in Bombay must have experience of running a first class paper, be an expert in layout and pictorial reproduction including offset. Only first class men need apply stating minimum salary acceptable. (2) Wanted a Manager with experience of advertising and Sales Organisation of a newspaper office. Only experienced hands need apply stating minimum salary acceptable. (3) Wanted a Cartoonist—persons with original ideas and experience only need apply stating minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 3823, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted an experienced M.B.B.S.** for a small State in Kathiawar salary beginning from Rs. 150/- p.m. free unfurnished house and limited private practice. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 419, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted immediately experienced** Supervisors and outdoor Clerks for a leading firm of Engineers and Contractors. Must be prepared to serve any where in India, Burma or Ceylon. Apply with details of experience, age, copies of testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 398, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted an Assistant in charge of** History Section of a Publishing House in Bombay. Persons well versed in Indian History, who have published works to their credit need only apply. Salary Rs. 250/10/350/15/500. Apply stating full qualifications and experience. 2. Wanted an Assistant in charge of Geography Section of a Publishing House in Bombay. Persons well versed in Indian Geography, who have published works to their credit need only apply. Salary Rs. 250/10/350/15/500. Apply stating full qualifications and experience. 3. Wanted an Assistant in charge of Science Section of a Publishing House in Bombay. Persons well versed in Science, who have published works to their credit need only apply. Salary Rs. 250/10/350/15/500. Apply stating full qualifications and experience to Box No. 3829, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted a steno-typist.** Salary scale Rs. 90-5-160 plus dearness allowance Rs. 22 p.m., addition to pay Rs. 4/8 p.m., grain compensatory allowance Rs. 3/12 p.m., and house rent at 10 per cent of the salary. Applications in candidate's own handwriting with copies of references should reach the Superintending Engineer, Deep-Sea Fishing Scheme, Government of India, C/o Director of Fisheries, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, not later than the 16th October, 1946. Preference will be given to candidates acquainted with nautical and marine engineering terms. 459

### PERSONAL ADLETS

**A chance to win a fortune!** Every week Zetters Pools offer Four Big dividends for forecasting only Eleven Football Matches—an opportunity you shouldn't miss, so get this week's "Sunday Standard" and send in your entry for a big money prize. Enquiries to Zetters International Pools Ltd. Mubarak Manzil, Apollo St., Bombay. 9739B

## PUBLIC NOTICES

**THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY**

WANTED OFFICE ASSISTANTS in the grade Rs. 250/400. Candidates must be Honours Graduates of a recognised University preferably in Economics or hold a Degree in Commerce. Previous experience in other commercial organisations and associations will count. Knowledge of labour laws essential. Selected candidates will be on probation for one year subject to confirmation on approved service. Higher starting may be offered in appropriate cases. In addition to salary advertised, candidates eligible for dearness allowance according to prescribed scale, and provident fund from date of confirmation. Those over 35 need not apply. Applications in own handwriting should be sent to the Secretary on or before 20th November, 1946. 414

**WANTED**

A PART-TIME Second Lecturer in Audit and Accountancy for the Hailey College of Commerce required to put in 9 periods a week, salary Rs. 150. Qualifications:—R.A., M.Com., or B.Com. with Accountancy as special subject. CANVASSING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY WILL DISQUALIFY Applications stating age and qualifications with attested copies of testimonials and certificates should reach Captain M. Bashir, B.Sc. Hons. (Edin.), Registrar (A), University of the Punjab, Lahore, by November 25, 1946. 416

**NOTICE**

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalization as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: ERNST J. FISCHER.

Present Nationality: German.

Full Address: 65, Apollo Street, Bombay. 455

### EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

**Learn Dentistry with less expen**diture. Apply Shree Digvijaysinhji Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3774)

### BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

**"Nature Cure" (Dr. Lindlahr)** popular guide to self treatment, 25th edition, 450 pages Rs. 7 1/2 Post Box 19, Poona City. (3789)

**For Valuable Tips on I.W. Com**monsense Crosswords. Apply to the Manager, "Champion", Calicut enclosing Four Annas postage stamps. (3821)

### ACCOMMODATION WANTED

**Wanted a Godown of 10,000/15,000** sq. ft. area preferably between J. J. Hospital and Parel. Apply to Box No. 448, "Bombay Chronicle."

### AGENTS WANTED

**Wanted Agents and Merchants for** our famous Buttons throughout India and abroad, Eastern Small Industries, Dacca. 3622

### INVESTMENT

**Safest and Best of all rest—Invest** whatever savings you have in "National Saving's Certificates. It will help you and your family May I help you? Apply: Post Box 1367, C/o G.P.O. Bombay. (3795)

### LIVESTOCKS.

**Let Bellemont Kennels Experts** treat your sick dogs or write Seerval, Cosy Building, 72B Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay 26, next to Gowalia Tank Parsi Fire Temple. (396)

### MACHINERIES FOR SALE

**For immediate sale from stock in** Calcutta—one complete unit of brand new "American Impregnating Laundry" plant with Impregnator. Rotary Dryers, Tanks, Boilers with condensate, Tank and fuel oil Tank, 35 K.V.A. Gasoline Engine and Generator set 220 Volts A.C. Apply to: Messrs. National General Engineering, 19, Strand Road, Calcutta. 449

**Vacuum Pumps and Air Compres**sors for Sale. Manufactured by M/s. Lacy-Hulbert & Co., Ltd., England. Apply Western Manufacturing Co., Post Box No. 1230, Fort, Bombay No. 1 "Westerwork." (3834)

**For Sale—A fifty horse-power Ver**tical Crude Oil Engine, in working condition, Crupp Modak German Make, high speed cold starting for sale. Write to or see in person. V. R. Naik, General Manager, The Tikekar Textile Mill Ltd., Tikekarwadi (Sholapur). 458

### PROPERTY FOR SALE

**For Sale Lonavla Large Plot on** Bombay-Poona Road, Electric, water, suitable for colony, factory, Sanatorium, C. M. Wadekar, Wadekar's Bungalow. (3818)

### BUSINESS FOR SALE.

**For Sale—A hotel for sale as a** running concern in Fort area Contact Box No. 3814, "Bombay Chronicle."

### MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**For sale from ready stock Naphtha**lene Powder. Enquire Indian Industries, 9, Clive Street, Calcutta (3791)

**Ford Lorry 30 H.P. 1942 Model 15** cwt., body with new Hood, in perfect condition. Apply Box No. 395 "Bombay Chronicle."

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

**THE INDIAN HUME PIPE CO. LTD.**
Bearer Debenture Bonds in mutilated condition
SURRENDERED FOR RENEWAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that fifteen 6 per cent Debenture Bonds belonging to Mr. Hemchand Mohanlal of Patan and bearing Distinctive Nos. 923/927 and 1356/1365 have been surrendered to the Company in mutilated condition for renewal. Any claim regarding the above bearer Debenture Bonds should be notified to the Company at Construction House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, within ONE MONTH from this date. If no claim is received within the period, duplicates will be issued.

For and on behalf of
The Indian Hume Pipe Company Ltd.,
B. D. SARDESAI,
Secretary.
450

**DOCTORS OF SCIENCE**

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by Doctors of Science with the following essential qualifications:
1. A doctorate in engineering, or Science, or economics.
2. Age between 25 and 30 years.
3. Interested in industrial development.

Applicants should submit photographs and full details under the following headings:
1. Age and birth place.
2. Height and weight.
3. Schools attended, with dates.
4. Universities attended, with dates.
5. Degree, or degrees, taken.
6. All posts held, with dates and salaries.
7. Main professional interests.
8. Date when free to join.
9. Married or single, number and age of children.

Starting salary between Rs. 500/- and Rs. 600/- depending on age, in preliminary grade to Rs. 1,000/-. Apply Box No. 387, "Bombay Chronicle." (387)

**THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY**

APPLICATIONS invited BEFORE 1ST DECEMBER, 1946, for the post of Assistant Labour Officer in the grade Rs. 300/500. AGE: Not more than 35 years. QUALIFICATIONS: (a) Honours Degree in Economics of a recognised University; (b) Preference given to those with at least 3 years' experience as Labour Officer of a Textile Mill; (c) Ability to speak and write Marathi. Selected candidate will be confirmed after one year's approved service, and will then be given the benefit of the Association's Provident Fund. Application to be made to Secretary in the prescribed form, copy of which can be had on application from Association's Office, Elphinstone Building, Churchgate Street, Bombay. 413

**THE MADHUSUDAN MILLS, LIMITED.**
NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at the Mills Premises, DeLisle Road, Bombay, 13, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th December, 1946, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) or so soon thereafter as the proceedings of the Annual General Meeting of the Company, convened at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the same day have been concluded to consider and pass the Resolutions, as set out in the notice to the Shareholders.

By Order of the Board,
BHADANI BROTHERS LIMITED,
Agents.
Bombay, 12th October, 1946. (223)

**THE MADHUSUDAN MILLS, LIMITED**
NOTICE

THE THIRTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on Wednesday, the 4th December 1946, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, at the Mill Premises, De Lisle Road, Bombay, 13, for the consideration and adoption of the Annual Report and Audited accounts for the year ended 30th June 1946, the declaration of Dividends on Ordinary and Preference shares, the election of Directors who retain their office until the General Meeting, under Article 93 of the Company's Articles of Association and the appointment of Auditors and any other ordinary business of the Company

THE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Wednesday, the 20th November, 1946 to Wednesday, the 4th December, 1946, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board.
BHADANI BROTHERS LIMITED,
Agents.
Bombay, 12th October, 1946.

N. B.—The final dividends for the year ended 30th June 1946, recommended by the Directors, if sanctioned, will be as under:—
Rs. 12-8-0 on "A" Ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each,
Rs. 2-8-0 on "B" Ordinary shares of Rs. 20/- each,
Rs. 0-8-0 on 4% Cumulative Preference shares of Rs 12-8-0 each for the whole year.
thus making a total of Rs 18/12/- for "A" Ordinary shares of Rs 100/- each and Rs. 3/12/- for "B" Ordinary shares of Rs 20/- each The dividend will be payable to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on Wednesday, the 20th November 1946.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

**BOMBAY PORT TRUST**

SEALED TENDERS are invited by the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, for the supply and delivery of 64,200 Nos. blue stone setts for various works on Port Trust Estate.

Conditions of contract, Specification, Schedule of quantities and tender form can be obtained from the office of the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust on payment of Rs. 3 per set.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form and which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 by crossed cheque as earnest money. The deposit will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderers.

Tenders will be received up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday, the 15th November, 1946.

F. M. SURVEYOR,
Chief Engineer.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay. 451

**BOMBAY PORT TRUST**

TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on Monday, the 11th November, 1946 at his Office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay. No. 10, for the supply of Steel racks, Lockers, and Cupboards.

Tender forms giving full particulars, can be obtained from the Office of the undersigned on payment of Re. 1/- per copy, which will not be sent per V.P.P.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores. 309

**BOMBAY PORT TRUST**

TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on Monday, the 25th November, 1946, at his Office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay No. 10, for the supply of the following:—
(1) Paint, light grey, ready-mixed.
(2) Glue, marine, black.

Tender forms giving full particulars, can be obtained from the Office of the undersigned on payment of Re. 1 per each copy, which will NOT be sent per V.P.P.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores. 453

**BOMBAY PORT TRUST**

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his office at Clarke Bunder, Mazagon, Bombay No. 10, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on Monday, the 9th December, 1946, for the fabrication, during the calender year 1947 of UNIFORM CLOTHING AND SUPPLY OF BADGES, CAPS, ETC.

Full conditions and particulars are embodied in the form of tender and schedule, which may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores at Rs. 3 per copy.

Tender forms will NOT be sent per V.P.P.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores.
Mazagon, Bombay 10,
1st November, 1946. 452

**BOMBAY PORT TRUST**

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, at his Office at Clarke Bunder, Masagon, Bombay No. 10, up to 1 p.m. (S.T.) on MONDAY, the 18th November, 1946, for the supply, during the calendar year 1947, of Miscellaneous Stores, viz:—Lubricants, Iron Castings, Firewood, Glass sheets, Carbide of Calcium, Mineral Turpentine, Linseed Oils, Coir and Sisal Ropes, Cotton Waste, Mattiwood, Poonwood, Vellapine and other timbers.

Full conditions and particulars are embodied in the forms of tender and schedule, which may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores at Rs. 5/- per copy.

Tender forms will not be sent per V.P.P.

R. C. MASTER,
Controller of Stores. (190)

**NOTICE**

TENDERS ARE INVITED from Engineering Firms interested in Bridge Work, upto 3 p.m. on 10th December, 1946. Several streams are to be bridged, the total cost for which may go over five lacs. Those who are interested, may get in touch with the undersigned or better send their engineers to Rewa, for studying matters at site, without any obligation.

CHIEF ENGR: & SECY. P.W.D.
Rewa State, C.I. 456

**MORVI PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT**

WANTED a GARDEN SUPERINTENDENT in the grade of Rs. 125-5-150 p.m. Persons possessing recognised qualifications in Horticulture and practical experience need only apply. Higher start in the grade may be given to a suitable candidate. Dearness allowance admissible under the State Rules in force. Apply immediately with testimonials stating age, caste, qualifications and previous experience.

M. M. GANDHI,
State Engineer, Morvi. 457

## AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 400 BAGS TAMARIND SEED POWDER.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Dhirren and Co. (in suit No. 1786 of 1946 Messrs. Dhirren and Co., Plaintiffs v. Messrs. Tulsidas Thakersey and Co., Defendants) and pursuant to the Court Order passed in the above suit, sell by Public Auction on Friday, 8th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms, No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

400 bags Tamarind Seed Powder, each of about 2 cwts.

P.S.—200 bags are lying at 94/96 Cawasji Patel Street, Fort, and 200 bags are lying at 3/5 Batliwala House, Khetwadi 7th Lane, Bombay, which can be seen on 7/8-11-46 between 12 and 3 p.m. (S.T.).

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.


*Just Arrived*
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**ENGLISH WELDING ELECTRODES**
Apply:—
ALLIANCE ENGINEERING WORKS,
Annesley Road,
Near Minerva Cinema
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**Cuts and Bruises Need FIRST AID!**
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"BLACK & WHITE"
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"WHEN STOCKS OF "BLACK & WHITE" ARE LIMITED, EVERYBODY MUST BE SATISFIED WITH A FAIR SHARE.."
SCOTCH WHISKY


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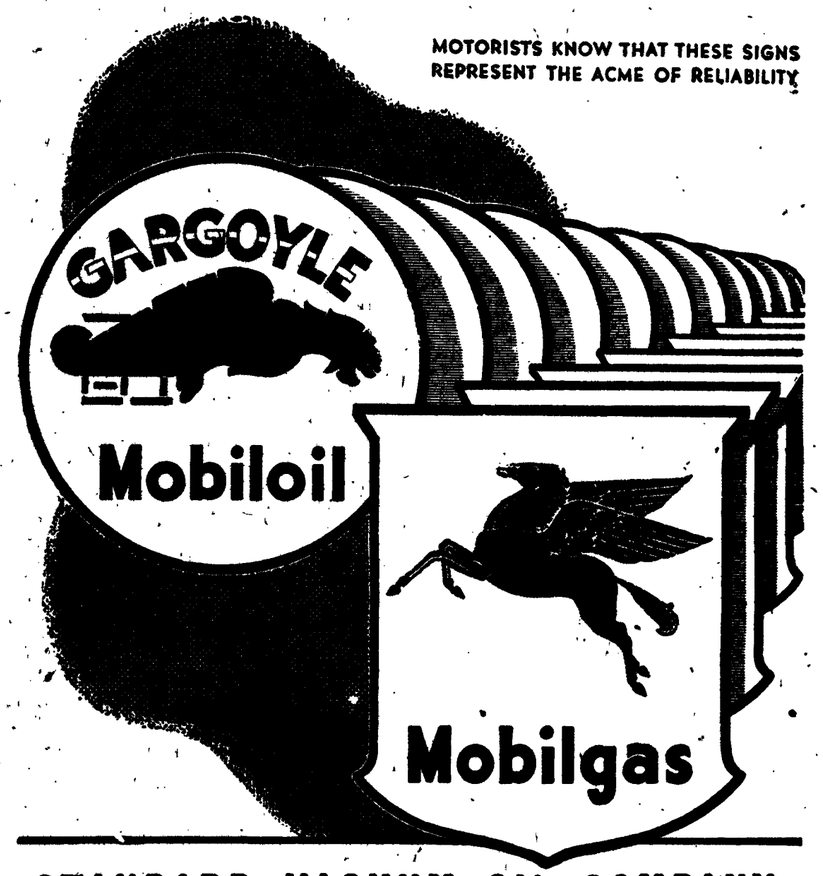
Shimwell & Bro. (Cal.) Ltd. 1, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.
51-2



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## AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 20,000 SERVICEABLE MOTOR TYRES.

Messrs GANDHI & CO., will under instructions from the party concerned, sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, 14-11-46 at 11-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Vacant Plot near Kurla Salvage Depot on Kurla-Andheri Motor Road.

About 20,000 Serviceable Touring and Truck Tyres of different sizes.

The above Tyres are on view.

Terms: 25 per cent deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

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